#### PLO denounces attacks outside Israel

BUDAPEST (R) — A leader of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) said in an interview published Tuesday that his movement condemned dissidents who attacked synagogues outside Israel. Salah Khalaf, head of the PLO security service, told the Hungarian Communist Party newspaper Nepszabadsag that the PLO deplored all "offensive action" outside Israeli-occupied lands. "We Palestinians condemn every offensive action outside the occupied territories, no matter who carry it out. It includes those dissidents who, under the cover of revolutionary slogans, blow up synagogues in Belgium, Austria or elsewhere," he said. A Palestinian member of a group which broke away from the PLO was jailed following an assault on a Vienna synagogue in 1981.



#### Carter meets Fahd in Riyadh

BAHRAIN (R) - King Fahd of Saudi Arabia met former U.S. President Jimmy Carter Tuesday for a discussion believed to have centred on the stalled Middle East peace process. The Saudi Press agency said the two met in Riyadh. Mr. Carter was one of the architects of the 1978 Camp David accords between Egypt and Israel which called for Palestinian "autonomy" in the Israelioccupied West Bank and Gaza Strip. He has criticised Israel's settlement policy in the occupied territories and Monday told a press conference in Amman that they were an obstacle to peace. The ex-president is due to travel to Syria Wednesday as part of a study tour of the Middle East. He has already visited Egypt,

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Price: Jordan 100 fils; Syria 1 pound; Lebanon 1 pound; Saudi Arabia 1,50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence

#### Letter bomb defused at 10 Downing Street

LONDON (R) — A letter bomb was delivered Tuesday to the office of Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher, but it was defused and no one was hurt, a government spokesman said. Earlier Tuesday, another letter bomb exploded inside the U.S. Navy's European headquarters in central London slightly injuring a chief petty officer. The spokesman at 10 Downing Street said the incendiary device, in a standard white envelope hand-addressed to Mrs. Thatcher, was spotted by officials during routine sorting of mail and defused by a police explosive exp-

#### Egyptian-Israel talks continue

CAIRO (R) - Egyptian and Israeli officials held a second round of talks Tuesday on how to revive their trade relations, but declined to say if any progress had been made. Egypt froze trade talks with Israel after the Israeli invasion of Lebanon last year and recalled its ambassador. Egyptian delegates declined to make any statement after Tuesday's session and the Egyptian press continued to maintain a news blackout on the

#### Rebecca West dies

LONDON (R) - British author and journalist Rebecca West, a feminist noted for her wit and beauty, died at her London home Tuesday aged 90, her secretary announced. Rebecca West published a string of novels and other books between 1916 and 1977 and contributed widely to British and American newspapers as a literary critic and political writer. Her reports of the Nuremberg war trials of Germon Nazi leaders after World War II earned her the praise of historians.

#### Moshe Levi named to replace Eitan

TELAVIV(R) - The Israelicabmet Tuesday appointed Maj.-Gen. Moshe Levi as chief of staff to replace Gen. Rafael Eitan, who retires next month. The outgoing chief of staff, one of the most controversial in Israel's history, is ending his career under a cloud after being indicated by Israel's inquiry into the Beirut massacre. The inquiry said Gen. Eitan had a large measure of Israel's indirect responsibility for the massacre of Palestinian civilians.

#### Britain, Egypt sign £64m aid agreement

CAIRO (R) - Britain and Egypt Tuesday signed an agreement on British aid worth £64 million (\$96 million) for Egypt's current fiveyear development plan. The memorandum of understanding was signed by Egyptian Investment Minister Wagih Shindi and British Secretary of State for Trade Lord Cockfield.

#### **Aga Khan in Karachi**

(ARACHI (R) — Prince Karim aga Khan, spiritual leader of the orld's 15 million Ismaili Musms. arrived in Karachi Tuesday эт a 10-day visit to Pakistan. The 1ga Khan, who flew in from bubai after a three-day visit to the nited Arab Emirates, was recived at Karachi airport by Predent Mohammad Zia UI Haq. he visits are part of a series of urs to mark the 25th anniversary the Aga Khan's accession to adership of the Ismaili sect.

#### INSIDE

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in Turin, page 6 OPEC price cut meets mixed world reaction, page 7 U.S.-S. Korean manoeuvres ring alarm bell in Moscow,

## Shamir holds unscheduled talks in U.S.

WASHINGTON (R) — Israeli Foreign Minister Yitzhak Shamir had an unscheduled third meeting with U.S. Secretary of State George Shultz Tuesday after earlier talks made no visible progress on getting foreign troops out of Lebanon.

Mr. Shamir, who had a 30minute session with President Reagan Monday, had a brief meeting with Mr. Shultz Tuesday morning and told reporters he would return later Tuesday.

He said they had discussed some aspects of the Lebanon problem. There was no further explanation for the last-minute flurry of activity before Mr. Shamir's planned departure for home later Tuesday. A State Department spokesman said the meeting had been requested by the Israelis.

Mr. Shultz has also had three rounds of talks with Lebanese Foreign Minister Elie Salem, including a working dinner Monday

The meetings with Mr. Shamir apparently left Israel and the United States at odds over "security arrangements" in southern Lebanon as demanded by Israel.

Mr. Shamir said Monday Mr. Reagan had called for Israel to move faster on withdrawing its forces from Lebanon. After about 10 hours of talks

with Mr. Shultz spread over two days and the half-hour meeting with President Reagan, Mr. Shamir ruled out the use of any foreign troops in southern Lebanon.

He called for close cooperation "security," meaning some Israeli military personnel must remain in

Lebanon, and opposed any role

southern Lebanon.

The United States says all 30,000 Israeli troops must quit Lebanon as part of an agreement under which Syrian and Palestinian forces would also be wit-

Mr. Reagan was reported to have put pressure on Mr. Shamir Monday, telling him of the "necessity and urgency" of Israel's agreeing to pull out all its troops.

But White House spokesman Larry Speakes would say only that you can be sure the president does recognise the urgency of the situation and would like it to be resolved at the earliest possible

He added that Mr. Reagan would probably meet Mr. Salem on Wednesday. Such a meeting would be a further signal of U.S. efforts to demonstrate evenhandedness in the high-level talks.

When Mr. Shamir expressed a desire to come to the U.S. to seek what he called maximum understanding and coordination on Lebanon, the administration invited Mr. Salem to come at the same time.

In an apparent response to speculation that Mr. Shamir's trip was an effort to by-pass U.S. special between Lebanon and Israel on envoys Philip Habib and Morris Draper, who have been participatine in the Israeli-Lebanese talks, the two diplomats were brofor U.S. or international forces in ught into the talks here as well.

### Lebanese envoy says Israel reiterates 'security' demands

BEIRUT (R) - A Lebanese special envoy to current talks in Washington on the withdrawal of Israeli forces from Lebanon was quoted Tuesday as saying the Israelis had brought the negotiations back to square one.

Former Prime Minister Saeb Salam, in a telephone interview with the independent newspaper An Nahar, said: "From my meetings with American officials so far, I feel that the Israelis have taken the negotiations back to

Mr. Salam said the Israelis were raising difficulties to gain time while waiting for more favourable circumstances to dictate their conditions on Lebanon and the United States."

Mr. Salam, a Muslim elder statesman, is expected to meet Pre-. thern border.

sident Reagan later to deliver a message from Lebanese President Amin Gemavel.

The foreign ministers of Lebanon and Israel are in Washington for separate talks with U.S. officials in a bid to speed up the 11-week-old negotiations on an Israeli troop withdrawal from Lebanon and the shape of future

Mr. Salam was quoted as saying the Israelis insisted on keeping Israeli-manned surveillance posts in South Lebanon after the withdrawal of the main body of their

He said they also opposed the use of United Nations or other peacekeeping forces to help the Lebanese army patrol Israel's nor-

### French navy to blow up blazing contraband vessel

French navy, whose Super Etendard planes failed Monday to sink a blazing Panamanian cargo ship drifting in the Mediterranean, said Tuesday it would try to blow up the vessel with explosives.

The freighter was set alight and abandoned by its crew after Italian customs officials tried to stop it on the open sea, said Commander Jean-Pierre Durand, navy spokesman in the southern port of Toulon.

Mr. Durand said customs officials had told him the 3,210tonne Niagara was taking contraband cigarettes to Italy. Pursued by the Italians, the crew headed into French waters, set the cargo ablaze and took to the water

in lifeboats. They were later picked up by the Italian customs and taken to Sardinia.

The commander told journalists bombarded the vessel with bombs make the task difficult.

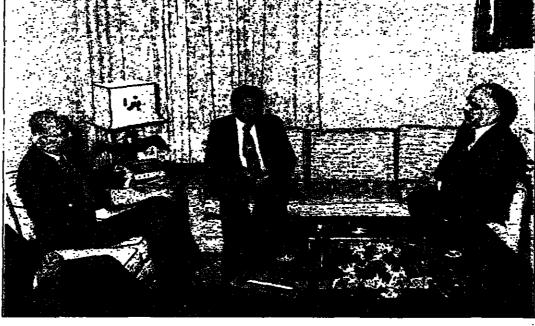
TOULON, France (R) - The and rockets as it drifted ablaze towards the Corsican coast, posing

a serious threat to shipping. But the aircraft were unable to hit the Niagara below decks because the missiles kept ricocheting off the water.

Asked if the navy would use Exocet missiles, which Argentina fired from Super Etendards to sink two British ships in the Falklands war last year, Mr. Durand said it was out of the question. Each Exocet costs about six million francs (nearly \$1 million).

The wreck ran aground Tuesday some 300 metres off the east Corsican shore and a big tugboat has been called on to pull the 115-metre-long Niagara out of the sand, he said.

Later Tuesday, navy deep sea divers will fix explosives to the hull of the ship if the weather permits, the commander said. Strong winds that four Super Etendard fighters and big waves off Corsica could



His Majesty King Hussein and Minister of Awqaf and Islamic Affairs Kamel Sharif (left) Tuesday hold talks with Iraqi Awqaf Minister Abdullah

### Hussein receives Iraqi minister

AMMAN (J.T.) — His Majesty King Hussein received at the Royal Court Tuesday Iraqi Awqaf Minister Abdullah Fadel Abbas.

During the meeting, they discussed the "strong relations between the two countries and ways of developing them in all fields."

the Jordanian News Agency.

His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan also received at his office the Iraqi minister and reviewed with him various aspects of cooperation between the two cou-

ended by Awqaf and Islamic Affairs Minister Kamel Al Sharif and the Iraqi ambassador in Amman.

Mr. Abbas and his delegation left Amman later in the day at the end of their three-day visit to Jor-

### Walid Khalidi to represent PLO in 7-member Arab team to London

By Lima Nabil Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — A senior Palestinian official Tuesday confirmed that Dr. Walid Al Khalidi has been named by the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) to represent the organisation in an Arab League team to visit Britain Friday to explain the Arab peace plan ado-

Mr. Imad Shaqqour, an adviser to PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat, said that the nomination of Dr. Khalidi, who is not a member of the PLO, was made as a compromise to overcome the British government's refusal to receive the Arab delegation on the grounds that one of its members was a

Dr. Khalidi is a teacher at the American University of Beirut. The Arab delegation has already visited the four other permanent member states of the United Nations Security Council to win support for the Arab peace plan adopted at the Fez summit

His Majesty King Hussein is to lead the delegation, which is due Friday in London.

The King replaced King Hassan

of Morocco, who was originally mandated to lead the delegation. No reasons were given for the Commenting on Jordanian-Palestinian relations, Mr. Shaocour said that the recent Algiers meeting of the Palestine National

Council (PNC) endorsed the creation of a Palestinian state with confederal ties with Jordan after an independent Palestinian state has been created. Mr. Shaqqour asserted that the PLO is the sole and legitimate representative of the Palestinians, a

fact acknowledged by the 1974 Arab summit in Rabat. "Nevertheless, this does not mean that we do not want Arab leaders to talk about the rights of the Palestinian people." Mr. Shaqqour said. "We accept any delegation in which the PLO is represented regardiess on official or popular

"The task of the seven-member committee is to explain the Arab peace plan and not to negotiate over the future of the Palestinian people," he said.

Speaking about Palestinian-Egyptian relations, which were severed after the Egyptian-Israeli treaty was signed in 1979, Mr. Shaqqour said the Palestinian position has not changed. "The PNC decided in its last session that the PLO would make a rapprochement with Egypt if it starts disengaging itself from the Camp David accords, and this rapprochement would take place in coordination with the Egyptian national movement." he con-

Asked about PLO contacts with Jewish democratic and progressive groups in Israel, Mr. Shaqqour said such contacts are "logical and acceptable because they give us the opportunity to know the enemy from within, its parties

### King to visit Bonn

AMMAN (J.T.) — His Majesty King Hussein will pay an official visit to Bonn Wednesday, the Royal Court announced here Tue-

The King, to be accompanied by a high-level delegation, is expected to hold talks with West German President Karl Carstens. Chancellor Helmut Kohl and Foreign Minister Hans Dietrich Gen-

West Germany is current president of the 10-nation European

Economic Community. Mr. Kohl is due to chair a European community summit in Brussels next Monday and in Bonn government officials said the question of Jordan's role in future on the agenda.

They said community leaders were likely to express concern at the apparent deadlock in talks on an Israeli withdrawal from Lebanon and urge rapid progress on a wider Middle East peace solution, involving Jordan and the

Quoting informed sources in Bonn, Reuters said that the King will leave for London on Thursday

On Monday the Royal Court confirmed an announcement made by the British government Sunday that King Hussein will head a seven-member Arab League delegation to London to exp-lain the Arab peace plan adopted Middle East peace talks would be at the Fez summit last September.

### Arens, rejecting freeze on settlements, calls on Jordan to enter talks

TELAVIV(R) - Israeli Defence anon and Israel are in Washington Minister Moshe Arens Tuesday holding separate talks with U.S. called on Jordan to enter peace talks, but rejected a freeze on Jewish settlement in occupied Arab lands as a condition for Jordanian participation, Israel Radio reported.

It said Mr. Arens made the comments during a theoretically secret meeting of the Knesset attacking opposition deputies for (parliamentary) foreign affairs criticising the government while and security committee, but gave no further details.

It added that Mr. Arens decliped to elaborate on defence and political matters, saying he knew his comments would be leaked. Mr. Arens was chairman of the

committee before taking up his previous post of Israeli ambassador to the United States. It was his first address to the committee since taking up the

defence post, vacated by Ariel haron a indirectly responsible for the massacre of Palestinians in Beirut last September. On Israel's relations with the

United States, the radio quoted Mr. Arens as saying: "We are allies, and on the strategic level we agree. The differences of view are purely on the tactical level." "It is natural that allies make mutual concessions. Israel, for

example, gave up its demands for a contractual peace with Lebanon, but it will not make concessions on matters which are matters of life or death," the radio quoted Mr. Arens as saying.

The foreign ministers of Leb-

officials as part of 11-week-old negotiations on an Israeli troop withdrawal from Lebanon.

Government and opposition

committee members were reported by the radio to have engaged in a wordy clash at the meeting. with the ruling Likud members attacking opposition deputies for on trips overseas. Mr. Arens also said the recent

deployment of Soviet anti-aircraft missiles and technicians in Syria increased instability in the Middle

Answering questions in an open Knesset (parliament) session, Mr. Arens warned that aggressive action on the part of Syria would be met firmly by Israel.

"If there are aggressive moves by Syria it should be clear that the scope of the military reaction will be dictated by us.

The U.S. has also condemned the arrival of the missiles, operated by Soviets, in Syria. It is the first time the rockets are known to have been deployed outside Eastern bloc countries.

Mr. Arens said he feared Syria might think it had freedom to operate its forces under the antiaircraft umbrella." But if there are any holes in this umbrella. Syria may be unaware of them. There is also the danger the Syrians may think they can drag the Soviets because of their presence into any

#### N.Lebanon violence continues

TRIPOLI, Lebanon (R) - Gunmen in a passing car shot at a Communist Party office Tuesday, killing a guard, in factional vio-lence in the slums of this north Lebanese port city, security sources said.

They did not identify the attackers, who later shot at a second Communist Party office, but the incident followed two days of sporadic clashes between Communists and Islamic fundamentalists.

In a separate incident, armed men stormed into a port cafe, shot and wounded one man and kidnapped another, the sources said. Schools and most shops were closed in the crumbling old qua-

rters of the city. The current round of violence began on Sunday with shooting between pro-and anti-Syrian militiamen, who fought each other for several weeks last December and

#### British budget announced

January.

LONDON (R) - Britain's Conservative government Tuesday announced a cautious budget that cut taxes but dampened expectations of a general election early this year.

The cost of smoking, drinking and driving went up but there were bonuses for house buyers and people on welfare relief. Finance Minister Sir Geoffrey

Howe, widely expected to cut taxes by £2 billion (\$3 billion), opted instead for cuts of £1.5 biltion (\$2.2 billion).

#### Eanes to visit Athens, Cairo

LISBON (R) — Portuguese President Antonio Ramlaho Eanes leaves Wednesday for state visits to Greece and Egypt where he will discuss Lisbon's negotiations to join the European Economic Community (EEC) and the Mid-

dle East conflict. During his three days in Greece. the most recent member of the Common Market, the Portuguese delegation of Foreign Minister Vasco Futscher Pereira, trade officials and business representatives will discuss the problems of integration into the community.

"Greece, with a similar social structure, farming and industry is seen as an example of how might fare in the Common Market," one government source said. Gen. Eanes, guest of Greek

President Constantine Kar-

amanlis, will visit the Acropolis, Delphi and other historic sites during his stay. In Egypt, where President Eanes arrives on March 19, Portuguese officials will discuss gre-

ater industrial and technical coo-Four cooperation agreements with Egypt are currently under

discussion, officials said. Diplomatic sources said Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak and Gen. Eanes would discuss the Middle East conflict during the visit which includes trips to the Aswan Dam and Luxor.

Portugal is strategically imp-

ortant to the Middle East as its

base on the Azores Islands, leased by the United States, is a refuelling point for flights to the reg-It was vital to American planes carrying supplies to Israel during the 1973 Middle East war, before

the Portuguese revolution.

#### U.K. joins call for new missiles proposals... Italian Foreign Minister Emilio

LONDON (R) — Britain has joined West Germany and Italy in urging the United States to offer new proposals soon on European-based missiles, official

sources said Tuesday.

The British move brings into line all three countries which are set to deploy new U.S. missiles next December unless there is prior agreement in U.S.-Soviet arms negotiations.

British sources said the government favoured a "fairly early move" by the U.S. in the stalemated 15-month-long Geneva

Britain believed the U.S. should aim for an interim solution which would be less than President Reagan's preferred "zero option"--a total ban on both U.S. and Soviet land-based medium-range missiles in Europe.

West German Chancellor Helmut Kohl said last weekend it was "time for new proposals." U.S. and West European officials will meet in Brussels on Friday to discuss the next stage in the negotiations.

Colombo last week called for an

intermediate agreement to "inject

new energy" into the talks, and

The Soviet Union has repeatedly rejected the zero option, first offered by the U.S. when the talks began in November 1981. It has also rejected even a par-

tial solution involving the dismantling of some of Moscow's SS-20 missiles, but Western experts think a deal on these lines can be negotiated.

NATO diplomats believe a joint stand by Britain. West Ger-

inistration, which is believed to be divided over whether the time is right to back away from the zero

that the zero option should be retained as an end-goal. All three have agreed to accept new U.S. missiles if the Geneva talks fail to achieve results by

The three European gov-

ernments agree with Washington

December, but they face pressure from peace movements opposed to the deployments. Britain is to get the first of 160 cruises missiles in December, Italy the first of 112 cruises, and West Germany the first of 108 Pershing-2s. Later deployments over five years call for 46 cruises

in West Germany and 48 each in

#### many and Italy is likely to weigh The Netherlands and Belgium. ...as Soviet bloc warns against deployment

MOSCOW (R) - Senior Communist Party officials from 11 Soviet bloc countries Tuesday wound up a two-day conference here with a fresh warning to the North Atlantic Treaty Organisation (NATO) against the deployment of new U.S. nuclear missiles in

Ешторе. The conference of Communist Party secretaries from the Soviet Union, its six Warsaw Pact allies and from Cuba, Mongolia, Vietnam and Laos was the first such high-level meeting since the death of President Leonid Brezhnev last

November. It appeared to be partly intended as a follow-up to a summit meeting of Warsaw Pact leaders in prague last January which offered to sign a non-aggression pact with NATO.

Before leaving Moscow, con-

ference participants were received by Communist Party General Secretary Yuri Andropov.

The senior Soviet official present was politburo member Konstantin Chernenko, who has overall responsibility for ideological and foreign policy matters in the Soviet party secretariat.

The conference final declaration, issued by TASS, said the outcome of the struggle to stop deployment of U.S. mediumrange missiles would have decisive .significance not just for Europe but for "the whole of our planet".

If the missile deployment went shead, the declaration said, it would create a serious danger for the peoples of Europe, would reduce confidence and worsen the international situation.

"For this reason it is exceptionally important to decisively

oppose the unleashing of a new round of the nuclear arms race in Europe," it continued.

The prominent reference to the missile issue suggested that Moscow wanted its allies' cooperation in redoubling efforts to stop the deployment in the wake of last week's conservative election victory in West Germany.

Western diplomats here saw the win by Chancellor Helmut Kohl, a supporter of the NATO deployment, as a setback for the Kremlin which may now have to ret-

hink its strategy. The conference declaration made no direct reference to the West German election but said the meeting expressed concern about the an upsurge in West Germany "of revanchist tendencies of the reactionary forces".

n

## **FEATURES**

## Challenger has an ambitious launch schedule for 1983

By Walter Bagley Reuter

NEW YORK (R) - A series of engine cracks that delayed the maiden voyage of the U.S. space shuttle. Challenger, by two months has also forced shuttle programme managers to adopt an ambitious launch schedule for the rest of this year.

To fulfil a promise of five shutile missions in 1983 -- one a scientifically and diplomatically important joint venture with the European Space Agency-- American space officials have decided to launch a shuttle mission every 60 days.

In their best performance to date, ground workers took almost 90 days to "turn around" the first space shuttle Orbiter. Columbia. between its third and fourth

Originally, challenger was to

ween its first and second and third missions.

But with the unexpected engine delays, shuttle managers have pushed the turnaround for this year's flights to 60 days.

"We have to compress our processing, which makes for a very tight schedule." Rocky Raab. a spokesman at the Kennedy Space Centre in Florida said in a telephone interview.

"But we are sure we can meet the schedule." he added.

Forces of nature and the marketplace are behind the tough schedule, which requires launch preparations to be conducted 24 hours a day, every day for the rest of the year. This will allow launches at the end of March, May, July, September and November,

The National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA)

carrier and a dependable partner in scientific research.

If it is not, they know, there are competitors -- in this country and abroad -- waiting to take their business away.

In order to fulfil this contract. NASA also has to contend with the continually changing nature of space. Some experiments and satellite placements and dependent on the position of the sun, stars and planets, and each mission has time restrictions.

For 1983 the mission with the severest time constraint is the first flight of Spacelab, a self-contained scientific laboratory built by a consortium of West European nations to fly aboard the shuttle.

Ideally, that mission must take place by the end of September, with any delay hurting its chance

have been afforded 90 days bet— has pledged that the space shuttle—of total scientific success. But that—Challenger's main engines and—feed hydrogen into the engine's ween its first and second and third—will be a reliable commercial cargo—mission depends on the success of—also several of their potential rep—central ignition chamber. mission depends on the success of two earlier shuttle flights -- to put lacements. orbit two communications satellites needed to relay data from

> The two satellites, one orbiting over the Atlantic and the other over the Pacific, will provide future shuttle flights, including Spacelab, with continuous communication links with earth -- a vast improvement over the intermittent communications endured by shuttle missions up until

Spacelab to earth.

The first of the two identical satellites was to have been launched on Challenger's maiden voyage in January. but it too has been grounded by engine cracks which have plagued the new shu-

rile since December. The cracks, of two different types, have affected all three of

The first engine crack was discovered in December when the spacecraft undergoing its last major test before launch.

That discovery forced postponment of Challenger's first pad. The latest NASA estimate is that the ship will not be ready for launch until the end of this month at the earliest. After the first crack was dis-

covered in Challenger's number 1 engine, it was ordered replaced by a back-up engine. But that too had a similar crack. As a result, another back-up

engine was being readied to be used as Challenger's number-one

Meanwhile, the ship's other two engines also have been removed because of cracks in pipes which

According to NASA, those cracks formed where a support brace had been brazed to the metal pipes. The supports had been added because similar pipes in Columbia's engines had shown signs of wear from the vibrations

"It was a good idea that didn't work", a NASA spokesman said about the decision to add the supports to Challenger's engines.

In order to get Challenger off

the ground as soon as possible. NASA officials decided to remove the cracked pipes and replace them with new pipes without any supports.

The dealys have placed further time constraints on Challenger, changing the time of its launch from morning until afternoon and significantly narrowing its launch

"window" -- the amount of time

within which blast-off must occur. If launched at the end of March. Challenger will have only 18 minutes in which to take off, or the mission will have to be postponed for 24 hours.

The extremely narrow launch window -- between 1.30 and 1.48 p.m. est (1830 and 1848 GMT) is dictated by several requirements of the mission, including the need for daylight at several emergency landing sites around the world.

The mission must also begin at a precise time of day so that Challenger enters an orbit giving optmum conditions for the satellite it will be carrying. Lauch at another time of day would keep the delicate instrument package in earth's shadow too long, overexposing it to the extreme cold of

The remaining launch parations for Challenger's first flight, therefore, are crucial to the success of the shuttle programme. which took 10 years and more than 510 billion to develop.

Any delays from now on could have significant adverse effects on subsequent missions this year creating a "domino effect" which could jeopardise on or more missions, including the extremely important Spacelab venture.

NASA has plans to lounch almost 100 payloads on more than 50 missions over the next three years. Any further delays in this year's schedule could prompt some customers to seek alternate launching methods -- either those of other governments or of private bus-

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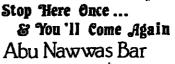
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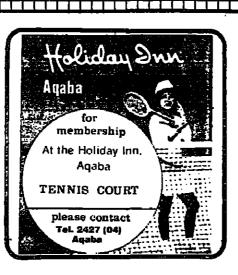
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### Governors to prepare for new traffic law

AMMAN (Petra) - Interior Minister Ahmad Obeidat has reqpested that local governors prepare the necessary studies to reorganise traffic in their govemorates and districts in light of the new traffic law whose dis-cussion is about to be completed by the National Consultative

Mr. Obeidat requested that the governors allocate car parking areas designate the areas where cars may be allowed limited parcing and to regulate the traffic

### Salt Municipality receives JD 90,000 from Momani

SALT (Petra) - Minister of Municipal and Rural Affairs and the Environment Hassan Al Momani discussed with Salt Municipality officials here Tuesday questions related to social and health services in the city.

Mr. Momani said the ministry will give JD 60,000 loan to the Salt municipality to finance the industrial estate which is to be established on a 17-dunum plot of

land in the city. Salt Mayor Abdul Razzaq Al Nsour said the municipality has begun construction of the Salt cultural centre at a cost of JD 1 million. The complex will have a pub-

lic library, a trade and social centre. He added that the municipality has opened and asphalted several new streets with a total area of 265,000 square metres at a cost of JD 225,000, and support pillars and stairways at a cost of JD

It was also decided during the meeting to remove derelict and condemned houses from the city and to replace them with gardens and parks. Mr. Momani donated JD 30,000 to this project.

Mr. Momani said the ministry is also willing to give Salt Mun-icipality a loan to deal with the problem of landslides in the city.

### Hassan sees **Mennonites**

AMMAN (Petra) — His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan received at his office Tuesday several members of the central committee of the Mennonite Church, who are currently making a tour of the Middle East.

Prince Hassan explained to the delegation the conditions existing in the occupied Arab territories and the settlement plans which Israel is currently implementing there.

Islam in

delivered

U.S. lecture

AMMAN (Petra) — University of Jordan visiting Professor Robert

Jackson gave a lecture Tuesday on

Islam in America at the Muslim

women's cultural centre, which is

run by the Awqaf and Islamic Aff-

airs Ministry. Professor Jackson spoke about the conditions of

Muslims in the United States and

the "spiritual vacuum" which the

Americans are suffering from. He

also praised Islam's tolerance, jus-

### His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan Tuesday met with a Men-nonite Church delegation (Petra photo) Police catch burglar outside supermarket

AMMAN (Petra) — A police pat-rol foiled a burglary attempt on Mar. 6 at the seventh circle on Jabai Amman and arrested the would-be burglar the police department announced Monday. The burglar, a taxi driver, was caught red-handed while trying to break the lock of a supermarket in the area during the bad snow falls.

Under questioning, the burglar admitted that on Feb. 28, he also broke into the Chinese restaurant

in Wadi Sagrah in the same way that he tried to break into the sunermarket. Amongst other things he stole a stéreo taperecorder from the restaurant.

The Amman police department said the Chinese restaurant notified the police of the incident, and several stolen items were seized after the burglar was apprehended outside the supermarket. Police are continuing to interrogate the thief, the department said.

Arab ministries of labour should play

wider, more effective role, says Dajani

## **ALO** approves pan-Arab social service provision

AMMAN (Petra) — The 11th Arab Labour Organisation (ALO) conference, currently being staged in Amman, approved Tuesday the pan-Arab agreement on the provision of social services. This agreement aims to raise the standard of manpower efficiency by giving workers access to the necessary services, such as food, housing, transport, education and health.

The conferees also heard a report from the committee entrusted with studying the document submitted by the Arab Labour Office on management and ways of increasing its efficacy. The document asserted management's significant role in the Arab World in developing the local community and its mannower through effective participation in drawing up labour policies in order to meet the needs of economic and social development.

The conference recommended that the Arab Labour Office follow up the question of the project's implementation to create the Arab centre for developing among the Arab countries.

management, which will be established in Tunis in cooperation with the International Labour Organisation (ILO).

The conference noted that a number of Arab countries have not yet taken the necessary measures to ratify the agreements approved by previous ALO conferences, it called on these governments to do so and requested the Arab Labour Office to follow up this question and submit a report on it to the ALO's next conference. These agreements include the Arab agreement on social security and the Arab agreement on the movement of manpower

### Arabiyat talks with Princess Alia Community College administrators

AMMAN (Petra) - Education Ministry Secretary-General Abdul Latif Arabiyat met Tueday with members of the administrative and technical committee of the Princess Alia comnunity college.

Dr. Arabiyat said the role of the community colleges should be concentrated on serving the local community, and that these coleges should correct the wayward rends in our communities by givng guidance and counsel to our

Arar urges

institutions

to serve

people

Dr. Arabiyat said the continuity of education and vocational training is an essential and frindamental matter for teachers who should strive to implant moral values in the students. Social change requires preparedness to accept and ability to adapt to such change, and to employ the new circumstances to serve the goals we seek to achieve, he said.

Dr. Arabiyat explained that the Education Ministry is eager to meet educators and students from in order to continue a dialogue aimed at reaching a common understanding of our educational process. Consequently, developing this dialogue and overcoming any obstacles to it must be a major

Dr. Arabiyat also met the education inspectors of the Amman, Baiqa and Irbid governorates. He emphasised that education is a profession which needs specialisation and that all those working in the educational field should be suitably qualified.

tice and equality. Professor Jackson also spoke about the role of Islamic centres and bodies in the United States in spreading Islamic culture, and called for support and assistance in



National Consultative Council Speaker Suleiman Arar (left) Tuesday addressed a meeting of the Arab club

### By Afifah A. Kaloti Special to the Jordan Times

important subjects that was dis- and employers movement," he cussed during the 11th session of said. "Both sectors should be the Arab Labour Conference aware of the requirements of the employers group, at the ALC, Mr. ersity of such training, he said. Ali Al Dajani told the Jordan Times Tuesday.

Mr. Dajani, who is also the Amman Chamber of Industry director, said that the ministries should enhance the use of effective measures in the development of the work force and "also in the related to the need of skilled wor-

In this context, Mr. Dajani said, the subject was divided into two parts. One concerns the functional side of Ministries of Labour and in this respect we have asked the Arab Labour Office to draw out a kind of a chart which can be promulgated by the different ministries in stages."

Mr. Dajani explained that each ministry will have the necessary departments to deal with labour requirements and problems inc-luding "labour legislation, health safety, employment bureau and vocational training."

To establish these departments, he added, the Ministries of Labour, with the assistance of the ALO, should conduct a survey of all the sectors of the economy in order "to explore the needs of each sector for skilled labour and to be able to adjust the labour requirements to the economic requirements." For greater effectiveness in the development of labour, the Ministries of Labour should "stand between ministries of education, trade, industry, and social development," he said.

#### Ministerial cooperation

Mr. Dajani explained that cooperation among these ministries is necessary for "the employers, through the Ministries of Industry. and Trade, will declare their needs for labour hence creating job opportunities for student graduates to enter the labour market." "Students," Mr. Dajani added, "should be well informed and guided where they are needed and what qualifications are necessary." Therefore, the Ministries of Labour should play a wider role in labour development and should take into consideration the new technological openings," he said.

The second part that would pos itively contribute to labour development is the structural side AMMAN — One of the most which is essentially the "labourer

(ALC), was that the Arab Min- 20th century and be able to meet istries of Labour should play a the economic and labour needs wider and a more effective role in and challenges during the next two the development of the adm- decades," he said. There should inistrative machinery dealing with be more concentration on voclabour activities, the head of the ational training and on the div-

The employers' group, during the conference's 10 day of discussions, suggested that the universities should contribute to this labour development, which could be attained, Mr. Dajani said, "by seeking the employers to deliver lectures to students in the colleges development of the economic side concerned." The lectures, he added, would broaden the student's knowledge of economic relations and the business climate clarifying exactly "bow-it works in practice.

Mr. Daiani also said that the employers should give opportunities to undergraduate for training in enterprises while still at college, so that "they have a pretty good idea about the whole thing when they start to work."

#### Strike a balance

The employers group also sugested, Mr. Dajani said, that the ALO put together a labour development programme which would hope to "strike a balance between both requirements: the employers as well as the workers'. He explained that training should not only be orientated towards workers but should also be applied to employers. As the recommendation of the committee did not include the above-mentioned suggestions we have decided to raise them in the next conference, and we will submit a more detailed study on

Another important subject that was discussed at the conference was the question of worker social service provision. "We agreed that we must improve social services to workers all around, and Jordan pointed out that the new labour law includes many directives with regard to providing these services." The employers group suggested that the ALO should see that social services in all Arab countries are applied to all workers rather than just nationals, "all workers should receive the same and equal treatment in the country he works for," Mr. Dajani emphasised. Some administrative matters

this subject," he said.

Arab countries were discussed too. The employers' group suggested that the conference should form a committee composed of governments, employers, and workers "to draw out a plan for overseeing the sites where reo-

rganisation is necessary or wha-

tever new ideas should be put in

related to organisations in the

Organisation conference.

Director of Amman Chamber of Industry Ali Dajani who has also

been acting as head of the employers group at the Arab Labour

any organisation," he stated. Our group suggested that the executive committee of the ALO should be entrusted with this task for they are capable of consulting appropriate experts and the ILO."

#### SAMED discussed

he said.

The Palestinian organisation dealing with economic issues, SAMED, was discussed at the conference by the employers' group. He said that "This estblishment, which was based in Lebanon at a cost of \$200 million and was destroyed by the Israeli invasion, had created job opportunities for thousands of Palestinian refugees and orphans." Mr. Dajani said that the employers' group asked the conference to revive and then aid SAMED to help it resume its work and activities.

Regarding the Israeli occupation of Lebanon, the conference considered it as a national concern for "they are destroying business places of employers. preventing workers from working and destroying the economy of the country," he said.

With respect to the labour development in Arab countries, the conference asked for the stoppage of the Iranian-Iraqi war because the continuation of Iranian aggression and hostilities will "adversely affect labour development and hence the economic emplovers and workers conditions," he pointed out.

Mr. Dajani said that the ALC was in a unique position of comprising government officials as well as unofficial representatives. that is to say workers and employers, from different countries.

The conference concluded its meetings Tuesday evening and there will be farewell speeches Wednesday morning from the heads of three groups, and from the chairman of the conference, Dr. Jawad Al Anani. "The country for conducting the next session of the ALC has not been decided yet but it might be held in Baghdad," Mr. Dajani said.

#### Philosophy of education course begins Tuesday

AMMAN (Petra) - The friends of children club, in cooperation with the British Council, began Tuesday a course on the philosophy of educational drama for children. The course includes lectures on the philosophy of educational drama for children, the role of drama in education, and an applied programme on the educational theories which utilises audio-visual aids.

#### CAEU, GCC representatives discuss ways of coordinating

Arab Economic Unity (CAEU) Secretary-General Dr. Fakhri Qadduri discussed with the Secretary-General of the Labour and Social Affairs Ministerial Council from the Gulf Cooperation Council Kamil Saleh Al Saleh ways for increasing cooperation between the two councils. Topics related to enhancing joint Arab action in labour legislation and for the preparation of specialised labour studies were also tackled in the meeting. The

AMMAN (Petra) - Council of two sides agreed on specified programmes for cooperation in the organisation of seminars and courses of mutual interest to the CAEU and the Gulf council.

> Dr. Qadduri also discussed, in a separate meeting with Arab League Assistant General-Secretary for Economic Affairs Dr. Abdul Muhsin Zalzalah, issues concerning common Arab economic action, and the strengthening of ties between the Arab League and the United Nations.

#### **DNLDA** receives Tunisian gift

AMMAN (Petra) - The Department of National Libraries, Documentation and Archives (DNLDA) has received a gift from the Tunisian government comprising a set of literary and, children's books and periodicals.

DNLDA Director-General Ahmad Sharkas said the gift was made in line with the Jordanian-Tunisian cultural agreement. This stipulates that cultural and scientific relations between the two countries should be strengthened through the exchange of expertise,

# various institutions in the country

nitative Council (NCC) Speaker inleiman Arar has said that parisments, parties, the press and the nunicipal councils "cannot expess the spirit of the nation and its niture unless they tackle people's drairs issues and problems." Addressing the Arab club in rbid Tuesday, Speaker Arar said hat our nation should possess all he weapons made available by ere technology to foil plots of the enemies and should have "credible institutions respected, above all, by the masses."

RBID (Petra) - National Con-

Mr. Arar said "the violent traisformations carried out by some egimes in the area distorted the pirit of genuine change, since hese regimes undermined the mins of the masses."

### Symposium establishes Anglo-Jordanian academic ties Seminar hopeful on Jordan's economy

By Philip J. Robins Special to the Jordan Times

MMAN - Many academics, oth British and Jordanian, feel nat lordan has long been ignored 3 a subject area for research by estern social scientists. Theclore it was welcome, albeit way verdue, to see the Middle East mire at Saint Antony's College. and University jointly sposoring the seminar on "Jordan's ace within the Arab oil ecoomies" in conjunction with the niversity of Jordan and Yar-

ouk University. It is true that the five academics uticipating from St. Autony's, ho are primarily economists or conomic historians by bacfound, had little direct expience of either Jordan or its eco-May; a point, to be fair, that they ere at pains to point out theselves. However as the first in a oposed series of joint ventures, was left by the majority of the tricipants to have been a sucss and laid the foundations for

re arademic collaboration. The symposium was not conned puraly as an academic exese, but was throughout conions of the present devopments in the pricing and supy of oil and the whole gamut of endant effects that such chaes could have on the Jordanian Onomy. Indeed the important actical uses of such a conference se reflected in those present. part from a strong academic utingent, the participants lined like a Who's Who of Jordanian Onomic and political life.

#### **Fascinating presentation**

Perhaps the best example of a. pretical discussion which claed the feasibility of available Dices was Dr. Mohammad El

Erian's paper entitled "Balance of to the difficulties of qua-payments for developing cou-ntification. Dr. Saket, through the that "the crisis of the world ecopayments for developing countries: the lessons of the seventies in a Jordanian perspective." This paper, which was combined in the same session with Dr. Khalil Hamad's (Yarmouk University) presentation on foreign aid and economic development, was particularly good at sparking one of the many frank and open discussions. This session culminated with Dr. Michael Dorling of Yarmouk University saying that commercial loans, especially from the as yet under utilised Arab-banks, could substitute for the decreasing levels of Arab aid. Jordan's small foreign debt and ability to command low interest rates making it comparatively easier to generate real wealth in excess of the cost of these loans.

This chord of optimism was struck throughout the seminar, which ended Sunday, and continually reminded those who were. despondent at the present state of economic uncertainty of the resourcefulness of the Jordanian economy. Dr. Ibrahim Badran and Mr. Abu Moghli, from the Ministry of Industry and Trade, for instance made concrete sug-gestions as to how Jordan could reduce its oil bill by \$700 million by 1990. They also called for a national, centralised, integrated energy policy in contrast to the fragmentation which has characterised institutional efforts in

#### this field to date. Labour migration

The subject areas of labour migration and the economic use of remittances were given a thorough airing in papers presented by Dr. Munther Share (Yarmouk University) and Dr. Bassam Saket (Royal Scientific Society) respectively. The latter submitted a systematic treatment of a subject area which few have tackled due

ntification. Dr. Saket, through the use of some detailed and original tabulation combined with some measured conjecture, isolated the problem of trying to attract these remittances away from family maintenance (especially education) and land speculation, and into productive investment in industry or agriculture. Dr. Share however laid to rest any lingering doubts about labour migration when he wrote "had we not had Jordanian migrants abroad, the level of unemployment in the domestic labour market would be staggering and the abscence of the large volume of remittance would constitute a real drag to the development effort, and growth would be severly constrained."

Almost certainly two of the least main stream presentations came from Mr. David Soskice and Mr. Andrew Glyn, Fellows of the University and Corpus Christi Colleges respectively. Mr. Soskice presented a model of the Jordanian economy showing how its various constituent parts were inter-related. Unlike so many 'scientific" economists he made some relatively modest claims for his schema, but did illustrate conclusively how a change in one small section of the economy could have repurcussions throughout the whole. Models, which surely could be put to some very productive use in the teaching of economics, are also of special use in pinpointing the areas of the economy which have been ignored

#### say for data collection purposes. Choices clarified

Mr. Glyn, in a fascinating presentation, addressed himself to the way the west has blamed the oil producers, and noteably the Arabs, for all th world's economic ills since 1973. Mr. Glyn, in spite nomy is centred in the developed capitalist countries and that the crisis has little to do with oil prices." The kernal of his argument being that, "the slowdown in accumulation in the capitalist world as a whole reflects the stagnation of investment in the development world. If one had to make a criticism of

the seminar in general it would be that it focused too narrowly on the economic question; Britain's experience over the last four years being a constant reminder of the dangers of doing so. There was one paper presented on "Social change in Jordan in the seventies and beyond" by Dr. Ali Zaghal of Yarmouk University, but this seemed very much an afterthought on the symposium's agenda. The paper itself included detailed and interesting description of "selected demographic employment (labour force) and educational variables," though the "and beyond" seemed to get discarded along the way.

Concentration on the economic issues undoubtedly played to the strengths of the symposium's participants and reflects Jordan's leading preoccupation at the moment. Nevertheless one looks forward to the next joint conference for a broadening of the perspective.

Undoubtedly, one of the main benefits of such symposia is the building up of personal ties between academics, and the resultant exchange of ideas and views. It was more than felt by the participants that the atmosphere of the seminar, which was always cordial and convivial, and the newly forged ties had set the stage for a long and rewarding relationship between Oxford University and its two counterparts in

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#### Negotiating real hurdles

GENERALLY, there are two sides to any argument. When the indject matter is the Middle East, however, things can be much :: complicated: American involvement alone amounts to a parate argument. Look at what happened last Saturday.

an interview with the Washington Post, U.S. Secretary of Stare George Shultz said that he thinks it is time for Jordan to de: de whether it is willing to enter the expanded peace talks pr. posed in President Reagan's initiative last September. "Basi ally, I think it's time to move. I don't want to set a desaline or anything like that, but I think there has been a great deal of discussion. I don't know that there are more facts to be found," he told his interviewers.

As is well known, Jordan considers Mr. Shultz to be a good friend-probably the best we have ever had at the State Department. Also Jordan's commitment to finding a peaceful settlement to the Palestine problem is too well known to be in

These facts are not new, and Jordan, presented with the new reality of the Reagan proposals, would have already joined the peace process had it not been for lack of Arab faith in American credibility and Israel's outright rejection of all moves based Epon giving up territory for peace.

For re-building camaged U.S. credibility in the Arab World, the Reagan administration needed to get the Israelis out of Labanon, at the same speed American arms forced their way to Ecirut last summer, and to convince the Israelis to freeze settlement building in the West Bank. For any peace process to be meaningful, the Israelis needed to be prepared to accept legitimate Palestinian rights and to return the occupied territories to their rightful owners.

As if these were impossible to achieve or Mr. Shultz was not aware of them that he said he knew of no more facts to be found before Jordan expressed its willingness to enter peace talks with the Americans and Israelis. And as if getting the Palestimians to participate in the peace process was not really important that he chose to say what he did at this time.

Fortunately, and for all practical purposes, the road to achieving a just and lasting peace in the Middle East has not been totally blocked yet. The U.S. secretary of state is right to say that it is time to move, but he has not yet told us how he intends to negotiate the real hurdles.

#### **ARABIC PRESS EDITORIALS**

#### Al Ra'i: Britain's chance to redeem itself

His Majesty King Hussein will head Thursday the delegation of the seven-member committee which will visit London to explain the Arab peace plan to British officials. The visit was finally agreed after overcoming the difficulties which have prevented the delegation from making the visit over the last few months. Naturally, the visit is of special significance because Britain is a permanent member of the U.N. Security Council. Furthermore, in view of its old relations with the area. Britain should shoulder its responsibility in working for the establishment of a real peace. Needless to say, the Arab peace plan is based on the will of the international community. Consequently, it is a test of the extent of the seriousness to which the international community in shouldering its responsibilities.

Britain now has a good chance to create a new image in the area where its reputation has become tarnished particularly during the creation of the Palestinian problem. Britain can seize this opportunity by supporting the Arab peace plan and rallying the Eurone in community behind it, thus helping to put an end to Israel's obsituation of peace.

Certainly, King Hussein's prestige in the world will provide the seven-member committee with the opportunity to win support for the wrab peace plan and to draw attention to the significance of the time element in reaching a just settlement of the Palestinian issue. Israe, is determined to use procrastination as a weapon to abort all passe efforts and to defy the will of the international community.

#### Al Dustour: Israel's policy caused revolt

Is now attributed the uprising of the residents in the occupied Arab territories to three reasons; the visit by former U.S. President Jimmy Carrer: the recent assault on the Al Agsa mosque, and "Jordan's systematic political propaganda."

However, this was not the first uprising in the occupied territories. The efore, Israel's explanation of the uprising are false.

The real reason for the uprising is Israel's oppressive policy in the occurried territories, and its determination to continue the construction of its settlements there. The residents of the occupied territories are refusing to accept the continuation of the Israeli occunition, and, consequently, they are expressing this rejection in the have of a popular uprising against the occupation authorities.

#### Savet Al Shaab: U.S. key role in Lebanon

The Israeli-Lebanese negotiations on Israel's withdrawal from Lebanon have not yet achieved any results, and the controversial issues are will awaiting solutions. The visit by the Israeli and Lebanese fereign ministers to Washington is an indication that the negotiations are stumbling and that Washington's mediation is stumbling as well. From the Arab viewpoint, the success of the negotiations will reflect the ability of the United States to influence Israel and to give monentum to the peace process in the Middle East.

The real problem in the negotiations is that Israel is taking advuntage of its occupation of Lebanon to extort gains which undermine Lebunon's sovereignty and territorial integrity. If Lebanon was to accept Israel's terms, it would run into conflict with the Arab World. In both cases, Israel is the winning side.

The future of the Lebanese-Israeli negotiations depends on the United States and its ability to save Lebanon the embarassment of clouding its relations with the Arabs not to mention harming the chances of a comprehensive settlement in the region.

### 100 years after Marx death, only lipservice remains

By Sidney Weiland

LONDON — Karl Marx remains a titanic figure in the Pantheon of Communist heroes, but 100 years after his death even among the faithful many pay only lip-service to his ideas. The German-born philosopher's vision of a proletarian revolution galvanised left-wing thought for generations, and Marxism became a dialectical basis for Communist rule in 18 countries. Several others call themselves Marxist-inspired.

Long after his death, the working class dictatorship he championed came first to Russia and eventually to the other east European countries he had thought were too backward to rise up against the capitalists he detested. In his native country, one of Europe's most advanced, it was 97 vears after his "Communist manifesto" was written before Marxist rule was established, and then only in East Germany.

A century after he died in London on March 14, 1883, all factions of a deeply fragmented Communist movement still ackideological pioneer. But Communists and Socialists alike now question the relevance of many of his theories to the modern world. Soviet Communist leader Yuri Andropov, in a long eulogy to mark this week's centenary, called him a "scholar of genius" and a

'great practical revolutionary." Those who believed Marx's ideas should be updated to take account of current Western thought were unable to understand Marx's real meaning, Mr. Andropov said.

Italy's Communist Party chief Enrico Berlinguer believes countries such as the Soviet Union have reduced Marx's doctrine to a static creed, turning it into a "closed and rigid" cult. And in Spain. Communist Party spokesman Andreu Claret says Marx's vision of a radical transformation of society is still valid but that "a lot of what Marx said is quite irrelevant to today's world or quite wrong."

#### Abandoned theories

The "Eurocommunist" parties of France. Italy and Spain have abandoned Marx's more rev-

nowledge him as an outstanding olutionary theories, especially the state-centred "dictatorship of the proletariat" he proclaimed in the Communist manifesto, published when he was only 29.

Western Europe's Social Democratic parties, also heirs to the Marxist legacy, rejected most of its tenets long ago. The British Labour Party, founded 17 years after Marx's death, recently expelled the leaders of a Marxist splinter group, the "militant tendency." The British Communist Party polled only 17,000 votes at

the last general election. Marx is still an ideological giant in the Soviet Union and in Eastern Europe, where the ruling credo has become Marxism-Leninism, a Sovietised amalgam of his teachings and those of Vladimir Lenin, who founded the Soviet state 66 years ago. But even in Moscow his name is evoked less and less: Soviet policies are backed by constant quotation from Lenin, whose emblamed body rests in a mausoleum in the Red

Marx. exiled in Britain for 34 years, lies in a simple grave in Highgate, a London suburb.

The Communist Manifesto, wri-state. tten with Friedrich Engels, was barely noticed when it was published in London in 1848. Many years passed before it was taken seriously. A short pamphlet, it called for class struggle, the conquest of political power by the workers, abolition of private property and the violent overthrow of the capitalist system. Marx believed the

ustrialised Germany. "The proletarians have nothing to lose but their chains." he wrote. Marx's emotive slogan -- "workers of the world, unite" -- became a rallying call for Europe's nascent labour movement. His major work Das Kapital was published in 1867.

new age would dawn first in ind-

Although Marx provided the ideological grist for Russia's revolution, his teachings were gradually subsumed there by heavier layers of Leninism, Stalinism and Russian nationalism. Moscow is preparing to put on trial six young intellectuals who say they are Marx's true adherents and argue that Soviet rulers have distorted and betraved Marxism by building up a repressive and elitist police

Their prosecution on charges of anti-state agitation underliness Moscow's view that only the ruling systems of the Soviet Union and its major allies are based on true Marxism.

In China, bitterly estranged from Moscow, Marxism also remains the guiding philosphy but it is used to justify the pragmatic brand of moderate Communism projected by Peking's powerful elder statesman Deng Xiaoping. The Communist Party's theoretical journal Red Flag says Marxism as a theory is still universally valid but "some things that Marx said, some of his ideas. appear old and out of date."

Both Mao Tsetung thought and Marxism-Leninism are enshrined in the Chinese party constitution.

Yugoslavia, which broke with the Kremlin in 1948, says its system of workers' self-management is further advanced towards Marx's goals than Moscow's classic type of Communism. Neighbouring Albania, still hardline Stalinist, insists it also is a Marxist

state and accuses Yugoslavia of heresy.

In Africa, Angola's ruling party is also based on Marxian Lenman, but tribal loyalty often seems stronger than ideology. Cuba's Communist leader Fidel Castro says "Marxison-Leninison is not a dogma but a guide to act-

In Western countries, Marxista has lost much of its appeal for inellectuais, aithough it still underlies French lettist thinking and colours many of the policies of Socialist President François Mitterrand, who has four Communists in his government. But in a book at the top of the best-seller lists, former Gaullist Minister Alain Peyrelitte says that "for the French, Marxism has become a beast to fear, smelling of hunger and the Gulag (the Soviet prison camp network)."

A French opinion poll two weeks ago showed that onequarter of those questioned believed Marx had a positive influence on the 20th century, 19 per cent saw it as a negative influence - and 56 per cent said they had no opinion either way.

### The final attempt for a document upholding detente

By Brian Mooney

MADRID — Europe's smaller states plan a final attempt to get the two superpowers and their allies to bury at least some of their differences here this week and sign a document upholding East-West detente. Spokesmen for the nine neutral and nonaligned states at the 35-nation Conference on European Security and Cooperation (CSCE) said they would present a compromise closing document at the next ple-

nary session on Tucsday.
They said the carefully-phrased compromise represented the last realistic chance of achieving the required consensus to end the 28-month-old conference in the forseeable future. "This is the closest that we can possibly get to final deal," Swiss Ambassador Edouard Brunner told Reuters. He said the document went half way towards meeting both Western demands for improvement, in human rights in the Soviet bloc and Soviet demands for new all-European disarmament talks. If the compromise is accepted, the conference could end by April 27. he said.

East and West were at loggerheads over human rights commitments from the outset of the Madrid meeting, which was called to review and update the 1975 Helsinki CSCE accords. The two sides moved further apart with the imposition of martial law in Poland in December 1981 and the subsequent dissolution of the free trade union movement Solidarity.

Another major point of contention was the scope of the disarmament talks, designed to encourage military confidencebuilding measures and guard against surprise attack in Europe. Moscow wanted the talks to cover military movements in the Atlantic ocean and across to the American east coast. The United States and its allies vehemently opposed such zoning on the grounds that the area was not related to Europe. Diplomats said the compromise document, drafted by Austria. Cyprus, Finland, Liechtenstein, Malta, San Marino, Sweden. Switzerland, and Yugoslavia, uses the word sea and not ocean in the section dealing with the zone for the military talks. But it adds, in a footnote, that sea is

understood to mean both sea and

The concession on ocean, the word sought by the Soviet Union. was balanced by a decision to drop Western calls, opposed by Moscow, for a meeting at expert level on human contacts. The new draft does, however, retain a similar experts' meeting on human rights. Some specific Western demands on human rights, tabled last December, have either been dropped

or softened. The neutral and non-aligned document makes no reference to demands for a halt to the jamming of Western radio broadcasts and also omits an undertaking not to expel foreign newsmen. Under a proposed compomise, a reference to the fact that Western foreign ministers assembled here in early 1982 to denounce martial

law in Poland has been altered to read that they attended the opening session in 1980 and returned later. Another compromise softens a clause upholding free trade union rights.

The new document, which will be formally presented by Yugoslavia, is the second draft submitted by the neutral and nonaligned states. It takes into account the West's proposed amendments and discussion on them.

The Swiss ambassador said the draft was all that could be realistically expected out of the Madrid conference in today's climate of East-West relations."We have left things out, not because we don't like them but because there was so much opposition to them,"

"It would not be a bad document for the West," he added. The immediate future of the conference would depend on how the two blocs reacted, he said. In their proposed draft, the neutral and non-aligned recommend Stockholm as the site for the military conference.

They name Austria as the host for the next full Heisinki review conference and ask Finland to host a meeting in 1985 to mark the 10th anniversary of the signing of the final act. Other OSCE experts' meetings on culture, human rights, the peaceful settlement of disputes, and security and cooperation in the Mediterranean would be held respectively in Paris, Ottowa. Athens and Ven-

### A shrill cry for more guns, more bullets and more advisors

### Congress concerned over growing involvement in El Salvador

J.S. AID INSIDE

'Oo golly! Cross your fingers, you guys — let's see if we got lucky ...

YOU MAY HAVE ALREADY WON

By Jeffrey Antevil Reuter

WASHINGTON - President balance in his statements on the problem of El Salvador after hearing the latest views of Congress on the thorny issue. But the question remains whether he has gone far enough to meet the concern of many Republicans and Democrats in Congress, as well as the worries of Americans at large, over growing U.S. involvement in the Salvadorean government's struggle

against leftist forces. Congressional leaders have told Mr. Reagan that Congress will refuse new funds for El Salvador unless the emphasis is put on political rather than military solutions to the conflict there. Last Thursday, the president called for extra money that would make U.S. military aid to the Salvadorean government this year \$136 million and economic support, most of it under the military-related security ass-

istance programme, 272 million. But he also stressed a commitment to free and fair elections and human rights in El Salvador and a determination to "Americanise" the war with of U.S. troops or combat advisers as his predecessors did in Vietnam, House of Representatives Speaker Thomas O'Neill, a Democrat, said he could not conceive of Mr. Reagan's aid request win-

ning under present circumstances. Nobody wants to see the Marxists taking over... but there is a strong feeling the president is going too far and the whole situation is grossly overblown," Mr. O'Neill said. But many in Congress, including staunch critics of ights that he does not want.

They say numerous members of Congress do not share his view leftist victory. In his long-awaited base, Mr. Reagan said.

vador, predicted he would get won other Western hemisphere most or all of the funds he seeks. nations would follow El Salvador though probably with added con- into the Communist camp like falditions on elections and human ling dominoes. But the prediction is that such members would not Soviets and their Cuban henwant to be held responsible for a chmen," with Nicaragua as their

Mr. Reagan's policy in El Sal- that if the Salvadorean leftists. Central American policy speech last Thursday, Mr. Reagan said El Salvador was only the first target of a "Marxist-Leninist takeover."

This was masterminded by "the

Reagan said. "If guerrilla violence succeeds

"Central America is simply too El Salvador will join Cuba and close, and the strategic stakes are Nicaragua as a base for spreading too high, for us to ignore the dan- fresh violence to Guatemala. ger of governments seizing power Honduras, even Costs Rica. The there with ideological and military killing will increase, and so will the threat to Panama, the canal, and ultimately Mexico."

Scepticism

Many members of Congress voiced scepticism or scorn at this statement, comparing it to warnings in the 1960s and early 1970s of Communism spreading from Vietnam to Thailand, Malaysia, the rest of southeast Asia and ultimately to India and beyond.

However, one leading critic of the president, Democratic Senator Christopher Dodd, said the U.S. had no choice but to be involved actively in its own hemisphere. He added: "It's a question of being a constructive activist by working with our allies in the region to isolate... the Marxists, the insurgents."

Another critic. Republican Congressman Jim Leach, dismissed Mr. Reagan's support for elections, land reform and human rights in El Salvador, saying his overall speech was a "a shrill cry for more guns, more bullets and more advisers."

The president sparked new concern last Friday when he pointedly refused to set a time for ending U.S. military support for the Saivadorean government. He said that "we have to stay with this" until the guerrillas stopped trying to shoot their way into power and agreed to free elections.

But he added at a press conference: "Where it ends, I think, is with a political and an economic solution."

## The Conservative Party does not do things like this

By Barry May

LONDON - Prominent and long-standing members of Britain's governing Conservative Party have suddenly found themselves caught up in a scramble for political survival. Disputes over the selection of Conservative candidates to contest the next general election, widely forecast for this year, have taken on all the bitterness of feuding more usually associated with the opposition

Labour Party. The Conservatives, the party of Prime Ministers Peel and Disraeli in the last century, Churchill and now Margaret Thatcher in this one, do not usually allow their

embarrassments. But allegations of "fixing" and old scores being settled are being bandied about and ministers, among others, are rushing around the country trying to find a safe House of Commons

The main reason for the uproar is the change, at the next election. to 650 seats in Parliament from the present 635. The political map of Britain has literally been redrawn by a boundaries commission whose aim was to make electoral constituencies conform to a uniform size.

This means that parts of some constituencies will be merged with their neighbours, some will be split and new ones created, and others will disappear altogether. rows to become unseemly public. On the opposition side, one of

those affected is Tony Benn. the radical Socialist on Labour's left wing whose Bristol South East constituency will be abolished. He, too, is casting around for new electoral turf. But all the controversy, at the moment, is within the ranks of the Conservatives.

Two of Mrs. Thatcher's treasury ministers, Chief Secretary Leon Brittan and Minister of State Jock Bruce-Gardyne, face fierce competition. Mr. Brittan, a 43year-old barrister (advocate) whose cabinet responsibility embraces all government spending. and Mr. Bruce-Gardyne, a former diplomat aged 52, have been forced to join hundreds of other applicants and submit themselves to secret selection boards comprising rank-and-file party members.

Mr. Brittan is reported to bave been passed over by some constituencies already and both he and Mr. Bruce-Gardyne are being challenged by British Conservatives in the European Par-

#### Travelling circus

The rush for a safe new political home has been described in the Daily Telegraph, whose columns are usually an accurate barometer of conservative thinking, as a "travelling circus" of members of Parliament. Perhaps more embarrassing for the Conservatives are the allegations of Sir Anthony Meyer, member for the north Wales district of West Flintshire

since 1970.

On the new electoral map, West Flintshire will be no more. Sir

since 1970 but now finds himself left out in the cold. His application for Wales, Nicholas Edwards, that to stand as Conservative candidate in a new Welsh seat was turned down in favour of Beata Brookes, a sitting member of the European Assembly in Strasbourg. Sir Anthony believes it is no coincidence that he was one of the few Conservatives in Parliament who opposed Prime Minister Thatcher's conduct of last year's war with Argentina over the

His Liberal views on economic matters have also annoyed the party hierarchy and are reported to have been a factor in his failure

disputed Falkland Islands.

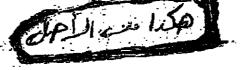
to get the seat. Sir Anthony was aggrieved and

Anthony, 62, has been west Fli- visibly distressed by his treatment ntshire's Member of Parliament and protested bitterly in Parliament to the Secretary of State there were "carefully orchestrated manoeuvres designed to remove me from my seat."

Both Sir Anthony and Geraint

Morgan, another Conservative defeated by Miss Brookes, have asked party chairman Cecil Parkinson to order an independentinquiry into the affair. Mr. Morgan, a judge, was said to have likened the experience to talking to a nobbled jury. "There are a lot of very embarrassed people about right now," one unidentified party member quoted as saying in the Guardian newspaper. "The Conservative Party does not do things like this, rowing in public."





## Israel's new problem -- alcoholism



Traditional Israeli Jews - like these seen at the Wailing Wall - consume little alcohol, but the young are now imitating a western lifestyle

By Barbie Zelizer Reuter

JERUSALEM - Health experts are warning Israelis, who traditionally have been indifferent to social drinking, that alcoholism may soon become a major social problem among the affluent.

Israeli Jews used wine for some religious sacraments and many fend off the scorching summer heat with beer, but until recently they have rarely turned to hard

Few drunks are seen in the streets and newspapers carry few reports of a lcohol-related crime. but officials say this idyllic picture is about to change.

"Within the coming decade, we are going to see scenes in Israel that we thought belonged only on American television," says sociologist Nahman Ben Yehuda of Jerusalem's Hebrew University.

"We will have drunkards in the streets, drunken drivers on the roads, and child and wife abuse in the homes -- in short, a whole series of alcohol-related phenomena that are now foreign to Israeli society." he predicts.

By international standards, Israel's drinking problem is tiny. Only two per cent of the Jewish population drink an alcoholic beverage daily. But there are deal with it. 10,000 confirmed alcoholics among Israel's four million inhabitants, an increase of nearly 50 per cent in the past two years.

A growing number of affluent young Israelis are turning to alcohol, defying the more austere life style of their parents' pioneering generation that scomed luxurious

"Israelis have always imitated the Western life style," says Pnina Eldar, head of a special alcoholism unit recently set up by the Ministry of Labour and Social Affairs. "It is thus no surprise that wine and spirits have now become a status symbol."While most corner grocery stores stock local wine, beer invariably include a liquor store devoted to imported spirits. Billboards advertising imported whiskies have sprung up along thoroughfares, and newspapers and magazines show chic young jetsetters enjoying mixed drinks.

The change in the portrait of the average alcoholic also alarms hea-Ith experts. He used to be over 50, of oriental (North African) background and the head of a broken home. Today, he is about 35, educated, married and from a wellestablished household.

The percentage of alcoholics from Western or American families has also grown, and 20 per cent of Israelis who suffer from alcoholism are women.

"Alcoholism is becoming less a disease of the outcasts, and more a problem of the social elites," says Ruth Kaplan, head of an alcohol detoxification centre in Jer-

The problem -- nonexistent a decade ago -- has been worsened by a lack of facilities to treat alcoholics. People with drinking problems were sent to psychiatric wards because there were no special services in regular hospitals to care for them.

Although traffic accidents involving drunken drivers have doubled in the past two years, police only recently started using breathlysers.

"We are becoming like any other normal society." says Mrs. Kaplan. "Unfortunately, alcohol is an integral part of this picture. and nobody knows quite how to

But headway has been made. There are nine detoxification centres throughout the country. A recently opened centre in Tel Aviv with hospital facilities for 20 people treats patients together with their families."

Health experts are concerned that drinking will spread to youngsters, and have urged special programmes to prevent it.

There are presently no laws forbidding the sale of alcohol to minors, and one Tel Aviv tavern admits only youths under 18.

Youth probation officers point to an increase in teenage crimes committed while under the influence of alcohol, as well as an and brandy, new shopping centres increase in heavy drinking at teenage parties.
"There is nothing to stop my

15-year-old son from buying a whisky," says Mrs. Kaplan. "And until we can change that, alcoholism will spread until nobody can halt its course."

## Gulf governments urged to discourage smoking

By Ibrahim Noori

BAHRAIN - Governments in the wealthy Gulf have been urged to take stronger action to discourage people from smoking -now increasingly condemned as an anti-Islamic habit imported from the West.

An anti-smoking seminar attended by government officials of Gulf countries here last week appcaled for a total ban on cigarette advertising in the mass media.

Bahrain colled at the seminar for unspecified action against the international cigarette manufacturers, accusing them of spreading lies about smoking.

"Smoking is a plague bestowed on us by the West," Bahrain's health and education minister. Ali Mohammed, Fakhroo, declared,

He said Gulf governments sho-uld extend their commendable anti-smoking drives to include international tobacco firms which spend millions to spread faise propaganda.

The seminar, attended by offcials from Bahrain, Oman, Kuw-

ait. Qatar. Iraq, Saudi Arabia and the United Arab Emirates, urged the advertising ban on Gulf governments, which have already taken some steps to discourage smoking.

But despite anti-smoking campaigns launched nearly five years ago, the habit remains popular in the oil-rich Gulf states, making them prime targets for intense tobacco industry marketing efforts, including sponsorship of sports events.

A packet of cigarettes in Bahrain costs between 270 and 300 fils (80.72 to 80.80).

Health authorities say eigeases from cancer to bronchitis. (WHO) has said that smokingome one of tomorrow's major hea-Ith hazards in developing cou-

The worldwide industry spends more than two billion dollars annually on advertising, according to United Nations Conference on Trade and Development (UNC-TAD) statistics.

cent duty here and those with high for and nicotine content are hanned in Gulf countries, while cigarette advertisements must carry health warnings.

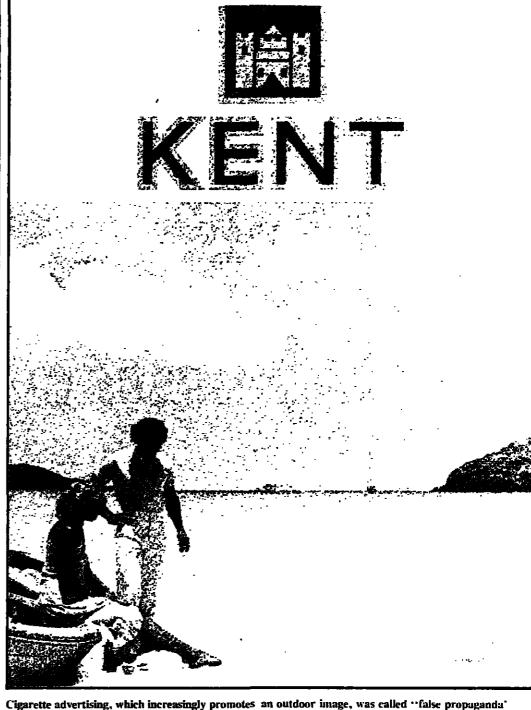
The Bahrain seminar appealed to mosque preachers to speak out from the pulpit against smoking. It also urged local airlines not to advertise eigarettes in their publications or sell eigarettes in pla-

Anti-smoking societies have appeared in the Gulf, with man, shops now displaying "thank you for not smoking" signs.

In Bahram, one hotel has set arettes can cause a variety of dis-aside rooms for non-smokers and another has introduced a no-The World Health Organisation smoking area in its restaurant.

In Kuwait, a doctor opened a related cancer threatens to bee- clinic a few months ago to help those who want to give up smo-

king. But Dr. Ahmed Malallah Al-Ansari of Bahrain told the seminar that the time and money being spent on dissuading the smoker should instead be devoted to persuading schoolchildren of the evils of smoking.



### Australians face crackdown on drunken driving

By Brian Timms

SYDNEY - A three-month-old police grackdown on drunken driver has almost halved the road death toll in New South Wales. Australia's most populous state.

Police, using a fleet of vans equ-

ipped with breathalyser kits, are delighted with the dramatic effect of their campaign. Breath-testing, in which mot-

orists are flagged down at random and asked to breathe into a bag. was launched on Dec. 17. Since the campaign began, the

road death toll has been cut by 158.

and the number injured has been

reduced by several thousand, pol-

same period in 1982.

"This is better than most expectations and we are very encouraged by the response," said a police spokesman.

Australia has one of the worst highway accident rates in the world, with a casualty toll last year of more than 3,000 killed and government, most Australians who die between the ages of five and 34 are killed on the roads.

But the campaign began in controversy. Motorists complained that random testing was an invasion of privacy while hotel and club proprietors, particularly in the city of Sydney, feared there would be a drastic drop in their

The bar owners' fears were

Dance of the World 07:45 The World Today 68:60 Newsdesk 68:30 Brahms'

Today 68:90 Newsdesk 98:30 Branns Chamber Music 99:00 World News 99:09 24 Hours News Summary 09:30 Lener from London 09:40 Paperback Choice 99:45 Report on Religion 10:00 World News 10:09 Reflections 10:15

Jazz Workshop 10:30 Frank Muir Goes 11:00 World News 11:09 British Press Review 11:15 The World Today 11:30

Financial News 11:40 Look Ahead 11:45 English Baroque Music 12:90 Men and a Girl 12:30 Tom Jones 13:00 World News 13:09 News about Britain 13:15 Listening Post 13:30 Meridian 14:00 Radio Newsreel 14:15 Nature Newsonk 14:25 The Farming World

Notebook 14:25 The Farming World 14:45 Sports Round-up 15:00 World News 15:09 24 Hours News Summary

News 15:09 24 Hours News Summary 15:30 Radio Theatre 16:15 Frank Muir Goes Into 16:30 Frank Muir Goes Into 17:09 Radio Newsreel 17:15 Outlook 18:09 World News 18:09 Commentary 18:15 Rock Salad 18:45 The World Today 19:00 World News 19:09 Lis-

tening Post 19:25 New Ideas 19:35 Way

eguide 19:45 Sports Round-up 20:00 World News; News about Britain 20:15

Radio Newsreel 20:30 Frank Muir Goes

21:00 Outlook: News Summary 21:39

Stock Market Report 21:45 Lassus - The Prince of Music 22:00 World News 22:09

24 Hours News Summary 22:30 Assignment 23:00 Network UK 23:15 igament 23:00 Network UK 23:15 What's New 23:30 Jazz for the Asking

24:00 World News 24:09 The World Today 00:25 Book Choice; Financial News 00:40 Reflections 60:45 Sports

Round-up 01:00 World News; Com-mentary 01:15 The Belion Estate 01:30

roads compared with 252 for the well-founded. Overall sales of beer and takings from tavern gambling machines are already down by about 30 per cent.

Moreover, the breathalyser has also resulted in the loss of more than 1,000 jobs, mostly part-time bar-workers, in hotels around the Sydney area.

90,000 injured. According to the by urban hotels with beer gardens.

trade has fallen off," he said.

But the major effect is being felt

where motorists used to drive for an evening out, said a spokesman for the Australian Hotels Association. "Local regulations state these hotels must have car parks. Now, because they have car parks,

City clubs, which used to be packed most evenings of week, are now half full and a lot of patrons

Club and hotel owners say they

are not opposed in principle to the breathalyser and its effect on road deaths. They expect that in the long run, with breath-testing introduced for a three-year trial perind, drivers will learn self when they see a bottle.

But at the moment, from the people packing take-away liquor stores, it appears that most have taken to drinking at home.

They were given a jolt by the first "high profile" police campaign, accompanied by advertising which warned of the penalties involved. When it began, police parked

their vans, nick-named "boozebuses" on the roadside, signalling groups of drivers to pull over for a blow in the bag. Now much of the testing is done from patrol cars often parked in side-streets.

The bag changes colour to indicate how much alcohol the driver has in his blood. Fines of Australian \$500 (U.S. \$500), plus a six-month driving ban, are impreached 0.05 -- equivalent to about three medium-size glasses of beer or wine in an hour. The driver faces a year in jail if

the blood-alcohol level goes far above the minimum.

Police say their problem now is to keep up the momentum to avoid drivers slipping back into their old habits.

Statistics show that so far the threat of arrest has been enough to keep the drinking motorist off the road. Out of 136,605 drivers tested since the campaign began. only 588 have been charged with being over the limit.

#### So far this year 133 people have takings. been killed on New South Wales TV & RADIO

JORDAN TELEVISION MAIN CHANNEL . Koran ...... Cartoons . Cartoons ..... Local Program .. Local Programme .. Local Programme ... News in Arabic Arabic Series
From the Arab Heritage ... News in Arabic

French Programm Marco Paolo ..... News in English ..... Play of the Week

FOREIGN CHANNEL

RADIO JORDAN 855 KHz, AM & 99 MHz, FM & partly on 9560 KH2, SW . Morning Show

News Summary 10:05 . Morning Show News Summary ..... Pop Session News Summary News Bulletin Instrumentals Concert Hour ntak. Old Favouriu ..... Talking Points, Pop Session
News Summary Over a Cup of Tea, Arabian

... Evening Show News Summary News Summari News Headlines BBC WORLD SERVICE

21:66

22-86

Evening Show

639, 720, 1413 KHz -86:80 Newsdesk 96:30 Waveguide 06:40 Book Choice 96:45 Financial News 96:55 Reflections 97:90 World News

WHAT'S GOING ON TODAY'S EVENTS

Paintings by Omer Fawzi, at the Alia Art Gallery. Architectural signs exhibitions, at

These exhibitions are on at the French

-- "Jean-Jacques Rousseau." -- "Antoine Bourdelle: Sculptor."

VIDEO Documentary (5:00 p.m.) and "Les Annees 20" (6:00 p.m.) at the French

TV FILM "Messieurs Les Galopins" at 8:00 p.m. at the French Cultural Centre.

American Centre	
British Council	36147-
French Cultural Centre	3700
Goethe Institute	
Soviet Cultural Centre	
· Spanish Cultural Centre	2404
Turkish Cultural Centre	3977
Haya Arts Centre	66519
Hussein Youth City	66718
Y.W.C.A. ,	4179
Y.W.M.A	
Amman Municipal Libra	- 36(1
Viniting Winniches Trial	
University of Jordan Libr	כ <i>נ</i> ו•א עזבה

**VOICE OF AMERICA** 1260, 5965, 7200, 15205. 11725 KHz

05:00 Daybreak 06:00 The Breakfast Show: 17:00 News roundup: reports, opinion, analyses 17:30 VOA Magazine: Americana, science, culture, lei-ters 18:00 Special English News 18:15 rers 1890 Special English News 1813
Feature: Space and Man 18230 Now
Music USA 19:00 News Roundup: reports, opinion, analyses. 19:30 Dateline
20:00 Special English: news, feature:
Space and Man. 20:30 Now Music USA 21:00 News Roundup; reports, opin analyses, 21:30 VOA Magazine: Americana, science, culture, letters, 22:08 Special English; news 22:15 Music USA (Jazz) 23:00 VOA World Report

**EXHIBITIONS** 

**CULTURAL CENTRES** 

MUSEUMS Folklore Museum: Jewelry and cos-tumes over 100 years old. Also mosaics from Madaba and Jerash (4th to 18th centuries). The Roman Theatre. Amman. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5 p.m. Year-round. Tel. 51760. Jordan Archaeological Masseum: Has an excellent collection of the antiquities of Jordan, Jabal Al Qal'a (Citadel Hill). Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. Cricing nous: 9.00 a.m. - 9.00 p.m. (Fridays and official bolidays 10.00 a.m. 4,00 p.m.). Closed Tuesdays. Jordan National Gallery: Contains a col-lection of paintings, ceramics, and scu-

ipure by contemporary Islamic artists from most of the Muslim countries and 2

collection of paintings by 19th Century orientalist artists. Muntazah, Jabal

eibdeh, Opening hours: 10.00 a.m.

1.30 p.m. and 3.30 p.m. - 6.00 p.m. Closed Tuesdays. Tel. 30128.

Military Museum: Collection of military memorabilia dating from the Arab Revolt of 1916. Sports City, Amman. Opening hours 9 a.m.-4 p.m. Closed Saturdays. Tel. 664240. Popular Life of Jordan Museum: 100 to 150 year old items such as costumes, weapons, musical instruments, etc. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m.

SERVICE CLUBS

Closed Tuesdays. Tel. 37169.

Lious Amman Club. Meetings every first and third Wednesday at the Tyche Hotel, 1.30 p.m.
Lious Philadelphia Club. Meetings
every second and fourth Wednesday at
the Amman Marriott Hotel, 1.30 p.m.
Philadelphia Rotary Club. Meetings every Wednesday at the Holiday 1:30 p.m. Rotary Club. Meetings every Tuesday at the intercontinental Hotel. 2:00 p.m. Royal Automobile Club. Jabal Amman, Eighth Circle. Tel. 815261.

#### CHURCHES

St. Joseph Church (Roman Catholic) Jabal Amman, tel. 24590, Church of the Ammeiation (Roman Catholic) Jabal Loweibdeh, 37440. De la Salle Church (Roman Catholic) Jabal Hussein, 661757. Church of the America Orthodox) Abdali, 23541. Angican Church (Church of the Redcemer) Jabai Amman, 43453. Armeniaa Catholic Church Ashrafich, Armeniau Orthodox Church Ashrafich. St. Ephraim Church (Syrian Orthodox) Ashrafich, 71751. Amman International Church (Inter-denominational): meets at Southern Baptist School in Shmeisani, 663249.

> PRAYER TIMES . 'Ası

#### FOR THE TRAVELLER AMMAN AIRPORT

Cairo (EA)

Cairo (RJ)

Cairo (RJ)

. Jeddah (Sandia)

.. Karachi (PLA)

This information is supplied by Alia information department at Amman Airport tel. 92205-6, where it should always be

ARRIVALS

09:40	Dhahran (RJ)
18:00	Doha, Bahrain (RJ)
	Beirut (RJ)
	Lamaca (CY)
	Islanbul, Ankara (TA)
	Kuwait (KAC)
15:20	Jeddah (Saudia)
16:30	
17:15	New York, Vienna (RJ)
	Copenhagen. Athens (RJ)
	Zerich (SR)
	Cairo (RJ)
18.40	Casablanca, Tunis (RJ)
16.AE	Cairo (EA)
	Frankfurt LH)
40.40	Beirut (MEA)
90:30	Baghdad (RJ)
	Cairo (RJ)
	Baghdad (RJ)
02:30	Belgrade, Islanbul (YA)

#### DEPARTURES

. Frankfurt (LH) .. Aqaba (RJ) ... Cairo (EA) Beirut (MEA . Rome (Alitalia) .. Athens, Amsterdam (KLM) 10:10 (SK) Beirut, Athens, Copenhagen 11:00 11:45 .....Lamaca (CY) 12:08 .. Cairo (RJ) 12:30 14:30 14:30 ..... Cairo (RJ) . Kuwait (KAC) .... Lamaca, Bucharesi (Tarom)

### .. Cairo (R/)

Kuwait (RI)

Kuwait (SA)

..... Abu Dhabi, Dubai (RJ)

#### MONEY EXCHANGE

Local sell-buy rates in fi	
Belgian franc	ı.
Dutch guilder 134.3/ 135.	1
Egyptian guinea 314.3' 318.	.5
French franc 52.1/ 52.	4
Iraqi dinar 531,2′ 534.	3
Italian lire (for 100) 25: 25.	2
Japanese yen (for 100) 149.4/ 150	.3
Kuwaiti dinar 1210.7/ 1215	.3
Lebanese lira 83.3: 84.	
Omani riyal 1018.5/ 1024	.8
Qatari riyal	
Saudi riyal 102.4/ 103.	3
	18
Swiss franc 172/ 17	_
Syrian lira	_
UAE dirham	
U.K. sterling pound 537: 540.	
U.S. dollar 353.5/ 355.	_
	-
W. German mark 148.8/ 149	•

#### WEATHER

Bulletin supplied by the Department of

It will be partly cloudy, with scattered showers. Winds will be northwesterly moderate. In Aqaba, it will be partly cloudy, with a possibility for scattered showers. Winds will be northerly fresh

Low/high temperature in deg.C. Jordan Valley ......10'16

Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 9, Aqaba 17, Humadiy rea-dings: Amman 60 per cent, Aqaba 33

#### USEFUL TELEPHONE NOS **EMERGENCIES**

Fire headquarters 22090-3 Police rescue 192, 21111, 37777 Police headquarters 39141 Traffic police 56340-1
Electric Power Co. 36381-2
Municipal water service 71125-8 HOSPITALS Hussein Medical Centre .. 813813-32 Khalidi Maternity, J. Amman 44281 -4 Akleh Maternity, J. Amman 42441 Jabal Amman Maternity ....... 42362 Malhas. J. Amman ..

University Hospital Dar Al-Shifa. J. Hussein 607158 Al-Muasher Hospital 667227-4 The Islamic, Abdali 665292 Al-Bashir, J. Ashrofieh ......... 75111 Army, Marka ..... .... 41nll

**NIGHT DUTY** Dr. Amin Abdul Juber 24222 36747

Dr. Fayez Hussein Jallouqa Naimukh pharmacy Al Hawamdeh pharmacy Al Ardali pharmacy Al Yarmouk pharmacy Iyad pharmacy Barq taxi Asfour taxi	23672 () 36121 36194 74822 41299 23230	
University taxi	XV [ IKI]	
Tareq tari	23024	
ZARQA: Dr. Mishah Al Hijjawi Al Ittihad pharmacy		
IRBID: Dr. Zaid Jaradat	5733 5257	
GENERAL		
Jordan Felevision Radio Jordan Radio Jordan Ministry of Tourism Hotel complaints Price complaints Telephone Information Jordan and Middle East calls Overseas calls Cable or telegram Repair service	42311 666412 661176 12 17	

#### MARKET PRICES

Upper lower price in fils per kg.	Lemon
Almond (Green) 550 / 450	Marrow (large)
Apple (American) 500 : 450	Marrow (small)
Apple (Double Red) 300 / 250	Oires 450 4(H)
Apple (Golden)	Onion (dry) 1411: 100
Apple (Turkish) 500 / 450	Onion (green)
Apple (French) 350 . 300	Oranges 250 . 2(n)
Apple (Starken)	Oranges (Mandarine) 30x) * 25ti
Banana 270 : 220	Oranges (shamouti) 250 ' 200
Banana (Mukammar) 230 : 200	Oranges (local)200 : 150
Seans 800 / 700	Peas 600 : 500
Beans (broad) 240 / 200	Pears (African) 550 - 450
Seets	Pears (American) 6501 - 5(8)
Bomali 280 : 200	Peaches 850 : 750
Tabbage 160 / 120	Pepper (Sweet)
arrot 180 · 140	Pepper (Hot Green) 1000 800
Cauliflower (white) 160 / 120	Plums 850 / 750
hestauts 520 / 450	Potatoes (local) 190 / 160
Coconis 300 / 250	Potatoes (imported) 160 : 120
Decumber (Jarge) 300 / 250	Radish 70 50
Cucumber (small) 400 350	Sage
ggplant (large) 340 / 300	Spinach 150 / 120
Parlic 500 / 450	Tomatoes
Grapefruit	Turnip 180 : 150
	· Watermelon (Indian) 4(x) 3(x)
Trapes (black) 800 . 700	Watermelon (Saudi) 25(1 / 2(N)

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## Difficult task ahead of Villa in Turin

LONDON (R) — If Italian soccer the eccentricities of their popular fans are to be believed. Aston Villa's days as European Cup holders are numbered.

On Wednesday night Villa meet Juventus in Turin's Stadio Communale and, although they have never lost an away game in the European Cup. few Italians envisage them scoring the two goals which would take them into the semifinals.

The Juventus all-stars won the first leg in Birmingham 2-1, with goals from World Cup hero Paolo Rossi and Polish crackshot Zbigniew Bonick.

Rossi and Boniek are just two members of a Juventus line-up which reads like a "who's who" of soccer. Scanning the Italian champions' team-sheet for possible weaknesses is futile ... Dino Zoff ... Claudio Gentile... Marco Tar-

delli ... Michel Platini ... Roberto Bettega ... Antonio Cabrini. With Villa apparently on the way out. England's hopes of retaining the trophy for a seventh year will rest with Liverpool, sur-

prise 2-0 losers against Widzew Lodz in Poland. That defeat was mostly due to

Pfaff defeats

BOSTON (R) - The only two

seeds due to play on the opening

day of the \$150,000 Boston

women's tennis tournament were

West Germany's Eva Pfaff top-

pled eighth-seeded Rosalyn Fai-

rbank of South Africa 6-3, 6-2 and

seventh-seeded Mima Jausovec of

Yugoslavia withdrew because of

The hard-hitting Pfaff kept Fai-

rbank anchored to the baseline

with strong volleys. She broke her

opponent's service in the eighth

game to take the opening set and

won the final five games of the

Yvonne Vermaak of South Afr-

ica gained a hard-fought 6-2, 3-6.

6-3 victory over Jausovec's rep-

lacement. Anna Marie Fernandez

of the United States.

both eliminated Monday.

influenza.

second.

Fairbank

Zimbabwean goalkeeper Bruce Grobbelaar and Widzew. Boniek's former club, would be foolish to imagine their work is done.

Liverpool. winners in 1977. 1978 and 1981, have never come back from two goals down in 20 years of European competition -but there is a first time for everything.

Juventus and Liverpool should be joined by West Germany's Hamburg in the semi-finals.

Hamburg built up a matchwinning 3-0 lead against Dynamo Kiev in Tbilisi who weeks ago and the dispirited Soviet champions may be in for another mauling.

Danish international Lars Bastrup scored all three goals in Tbilisi, totally overshadowing Kiev's former European Footballer of the Year Oleg Blokhin who appears to have lost all interest since the World Cup.

The fourth quarter-final is delicatedly poised with Portugal's Sporting Lisbon carrying a onegoal lead across the border into Spain where they tackle Real Soc-

While England has been mon-

KYALAMI, South Africa (R) —

Barry Sheene, the man they said

would never sit on a motor bike

appalling leg injuries in a practice

crash at Silverstone, the 32-

year-old Briton returned to com-

petitive racing Tuesday when he

took part in unofficial practice for

Saturday's South African Grand

Prix which opens the 1983 World

Motorcycle Championship sea-

champion, lapped the 4.1 km

sun-baked circuit at speeds of

around 159 kph, about three sec-

onds slower than the fastest riders,

and said he was well pleased with

worst way they can turn out," he

said after climbing off his Suzuki.

"I always look at things the

how things had gone.

Sheene, twice world 500 cc

Less than a year after suffering

again, is back in business.

opolising the Champions Cup. Spanish Clubs have been enjoying similar success in the Cupwinners through Barcelona (1979 and 1982) and Valencia (1980).

Barcelona. with Diego Maradona fully fit and former Argentine manager Cesur Luis Menotti at the helm, should account for visiting Austria Vienna having drawn o-o away from home.

And they may well be joined in the last four by arch rivals Real Madrid. Real drew-1-1 with Internazionale in Milan and will be hot favourites to beat their old foes in the Bernabeu stadium.

Inter's chances will dip further if Italian internationals Gabriele Oriali and Salvatore Bagni fail to shrug off injuries. West German midfielder Hansi Mueller keeps his place in the

team despite coming under fire recently for a series of poor displays following a lengthy injury. Mueller will come face to face with his World Cup team-mate Uli Stielike and the outcome of their midfield battle could decide the

Bayern Munich, champions of

"and today certainly went better

in his legs, but joked: "It's nothing

He said he had felt a bit of pain

Sheene is making a cautious

"If I finish in the first 15 on

Sheene is riding a virtually sta-

return to the world championship

in what he describes as his "con-

Saturday I'll be very, very happy,"

he said, "and that's only the beg-

ndard racing bike in South Africa

but hopes to be back on a full

blown works machine within a

his parents and girlfriend Ste-

phanie Maclean, who accompany

dreaded the day when her son

By Vitali Melik-Karamov

Supporting his comeback were

His mother Iris said she had

than that"

inning.

to cry about.

valescence period".

couple of months.

him to every race.

the best known casualties in the Cupwinners', having been held to a o-o draw at home by Scottish Premier League leaders Abe-

The exciting young Aberdeen side bristles with talent and they have emerged as a major force at both home and abroad.

Paris St. Germain of France will be the only club to go into the second leg with a lead. They travel to Belgium with a two-goal advantage over waterschei and should have little difficulty in reaching the last four.

Once mighty Benfica, now reduced to a supporting role in the UEFA Cup, can take a step nearer another trophy against Roma of Italy. The Portuguese ended Roma's unbeaten home record with a 2-1 victory in the first leg and the Italians may be preoccupied with their battle for the League Championship.

Valencia, in danger of being relegated for the first time since 1932, are also up against it. They meet Anderlecht in Belgium and 2-1 first leg defeat has probably

Europe from 1974-76, could be left them with too much to do. Barry Sheene back in business

would return to the track but felt

her nerves Tuesday had been bet-

Apart from Sheene, reigning

world champion Franco Uncini of

Italy and his California teammate

Randy Mamola were among the

main contenders who were out on

Other leading American riders, such as Yamaha's fearsome duo of

Kenny Roberts and Eddie Law-

son, and the sensation of the 1982

season, "Fast" Freddie Spencer,

were due to arrive here Tuesday

night after racing in the Daytona

200 in Florida. Three times world

champion Roberts and Lawson

After another untimed session

Wednesday, official qualifying

takes place on Thursday and Fri-

completed a one-two triumph

ter than she had expected.

the track Tuesday.

there.

llion might be dead, police and bloodstock experts believe he is still alive.

anonymous call just after the kidput down after injuring himself in his stall.

the breeding season.

were familiar with horses and racing, probably knew how to handle a temperamental young thoroughbred and were aware of his value, alive, to his owners at a cri-

Shergar, syndicated among 40 shareholders, was scheduled to cover some 55 mares during the season, which lasts until June. At £70,000 (\$105,000) a time, this represents a total of £3.9m (\$

Olga Bicherova -- small miracle of gymnastics

## Shergar's whereabouts still a total mystery

By Colin McIntyre

DUBLIN (R) - One month after the £10 million (\$15m) racehorse Shergar was kidnapped his whereabouts remain a total mystery and police admit they are baffled.

They have interviewed more than 700 people, including 100 jockeys, since masked gunmen stole Shergar from the Aga Khan's Ballymany stud farm west of Dublin. But a police spokesman said: We are still in the dark. We simply have no idea where he is."

Farmers have been urged to search every corner of their land and even clairvoyants were called in to help find the horse, winner of both English and Irish Derbys in

Police are following up the only real lead in the case, descriptions of three men they have nicknamed "the nose", "the jockey" and "the guard" seen near the Aga Khan's Ballymany stud west of Dublin on the night of the kidnapping.

The only other clue they have is a demand for a £2m (S3m) ransom delivered a few days later, which police are treating as genuine.

Although the lack of new clues has prompted fears that the sta-

Experts have discounted an napping saying Shergar had been

They base their optimism on the fact that the stallion, one of the world's most valuable horses, was snatched right at the beginning of

This suggested the kidnappers



Shergar, most valuable stallion in Europe, if not in the world

5.9m) for his owners this year. A stallion can be expected to be active for between 10 and 15 years. The syndicate has lodged a

£20m (\$30m) claim for compensation for damages with the county council in Kildare, where the Ballymany stud is located.

But legal experts believe it will be extremely difficult to prove that any possible harm to the horse was done within the county

The head of the Irish national stud, John Clarke, is one of those who believes Shergar is still alive. "I think that if he had been killed or had died the people inv-

olved would have told the police where to find the horse," he said recently. But he added that the longer the

horse was cooped up the less chance there was of his being returned in good shape. Stallions at this time of the

year have to reach maximum fitness and if Shergar is stuck in some small stable or garage it is not going to do his temperament any good," he said. The possibility that the horse

might be ill was raised by a newspaper report that quantities of a drug used to treat influenza in horses had been stolen from a stable in Donegal, in the far north of Ireland. Police are investigating. While there is a general belief

that the horse is still alive, there are any number of theories about where he is, ranging from so-called "bandit country" along the other side of the border with Northern Ireland to as far afield as the Middle East.

At one point the search shifted to the wild Galway coast in Western Ireland after an English cluirvoyant said Shergar was being held in a ruined abbey in the area. Some people, including Jonathan Irwin of Gotts Bloodstock Sales, which handles all thoroughbred sales in Ireland. think the horse is probably not far from the Ballymany stud.

"If you are driving a strange horse-box in this horsey country. the first thing you would want to do is get off-the main roads," he Within a 35 mile (55 km)radius of the stud are the Wicklow mountains and the Allenwood bogland and forest region.

As Irish police struggled on. they received encouragement from an American detective who tracked down the kidnapped more San Frelucise, carrying a foal from the famous stallion Secretariat, in 1977. It took him six months to find the horse in a farm in Kentucky, after innumerable houses and talse leads.

. Related story page 8

### Williams Formula One team lodges appeal

Soviet paper attacks Los

**Angeles Organising Committee** 

RIO DE JANEIRO (R) - The said. Williams Formula One racing team will lodge an appeal by Tuesday night against Keke Rosberg's disqualification from the number two spot in Sunday's Brazilian Grand Prix, manager Peter Collins said Tuesday.

Collins told Reuters he planned to appeal to the governing Intemational Motor Sport Federation (FISA) in Paris but he said the appeal could take a month to

spaper attacked the Los Angeles

Organising Committee for the

1984 Olympics Tuesday, saying

the games were being shoddily

arranged with the only benefits

The Communist youth daily

Komsomolskaya Pravda said one

day at the Los Angeles Olympics

would cost twice as much as a day

at the 1980 Moscow Games.

which the United States boycotted

in protest at Soviet intervention in

the long distance athletes would

live from competition arenas

would make the competitors tense

and make the games a sporting fia-

Smog, the high crime rate and

going to big business.

Afghanistan

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"We gave notification of our appeal after officials disqualified Rosberg Sunday night," Collins

"The rules gave us 48 hours after notification to lodge the app-

Stewards disqualified Finland's Rosberg, the champion last year, from second place when they ruled that it was illegal for the Williams team to push-start his car after a pit-stop.

Rosberg had recovered from a brief fire in his Williams during the crucial pit stop, returning to the track in ninth place but driving skiifully to finish second behind the eventual winner Nelson Piquet of

The sponsorship system thr-

ough which a few major U.S. firms

would each construct a venue for

the games was equivalent to tur-

ning the Olympics over to the bus-

The Los Angeles Olympic

Committee maintains its spo-

nsorship system is necessary bec-

ause the U.S. government is not

inessmen, the paper said.

of the American system.

for publicity.

#### MOSCOW (APN) - Moscow

schoolgirl Olga Bicherova became one of the world's most popular sportswomen when she won the overall world title in gymnastics in December 1981. Her victory was a sensation of the post-Olympic year because the 15-year-old girl was not even a first regular of the national team and had learned about her participation in the world championship literally on the eve of it-she had to replace her teammate because of the latter's illness. Charming blue-eyed Olga has since become the symbol of women's gymnastics, in the world, just as another Olga, Korbut--Bicherova's idol--had been somewhat earlier.

Bicherova was born into a family of electronic engineers in Moscow on May 22, 1966. She was five when her grandmother took her to a figure-skating training group, and at the age of 7 she also joined a group which practised gymnastics. Olga didn't want to abandon either figure skating or gymnastics but she had to make a choice. Skating still remains one of Bicherova's hobbies.

financing the games, which Los At the beginning her coach, 37-year-old Boris Orlov, didn't Angeles says will benefit from having only a few firms competing pay any special attention to Olga in his group. She liked gymnastics Komsomolskaya Pravda made and her coach liked to train her. clear it regarded the absence of They didn't set themselves any state organisation as an aberration great aims, though Olga certainly excelled the other trainees in pur-

posefulness and diligence. But she never resembled a robot that blindly followed all the directions of the coach. She always listened to his suggestions attentively but if she disagreed with something in them, she was never afraid of rai-

More than a year has passed since her fantastic triumph, but, judging by all indications, nothing has changed in Olga's life. She is benevolent and amiable to all, as usual. As before, she is training together with her teammates in the gym of the Central Army Sports Club in the Leningradsky

sing objections.

Avenue in Moscow. As usual, if Olga fails to master some element, she goes to a small gym, near by, closes the door and doesn't even allow the coach to enter it until she achieves an absolutely flawless execution of the element. But when she fails to cope with an element on her own, she weeps so bitterly that one feels like banning all gymnastics which makes this charming girl feel so sad. But Olga cannot imagine what will become of her if something of the kind appens because she cannot live without gymnastics.

Boris Orlov holds the view that

Olga stamped her leadership in world gymnastics by winning the World Cup in Yugoslavia in the autumn of 1982 due to the main features of her character--diligence, ability to spare no effort and to take pains in training, and devotion to sport. True, she tied for first place with another Soviet gymnast, Natalya Yurchenko. But it is worthy of special note here that Bicherova didn't train during almost half of the 1982 season because of a strained thigh muscle. The World Cup competition was the first in which she participated after the world championship, and she managed not only to restore her

previous compositions, but also to introduce much more complicated

Her psychological stability is surprising. As a rule, it is necessary for a gymnast to go through several competitions before taking part in the contest of such a calibre as the World Cup, but Bicherova did without them. Her phenomenal quality is that as she grows up, she feels stresses less and less, though it is believed that in the context of the present-day high-risk combinations only 12year-old girls can fly, jump and revolve on the gymnastic apparatus fearlessly.

Olga is a very lucky gymnast. The only thing that makes her unhappy is her allergy to animals, which made her give her favourite hamster Puzan to the child-care centre. She envies her coach who keeps a collie dog, a hamster, a turtle and a couple of canaries which continuously hatches nestlings. Another hobby, postage stamp collecting, compensates for the absence of animals at home. Olga collects only stamps with fauna and buys them in all the countries where she goes to compete. She is an excellent pupil at school but history stands out as her favourite subject. That is why when asked what places among those that she has visited have impressed her most of all, Olga says promptly, "The Acropolis in

According to Olga, no southern resort on a sea coast can be compared with the Russian forest. It is the greatest pleasure for her to go together with her parents to the house of an old man, an acquaintance of theirs, who is living in a far-off village 300 km away from Moscow, to stay there for a week, gathering mushrooms, and then to

dry or pickle them for the winter. Olga likes chocolates and takes

great pride in the fact that she can eat a lot of them without gaining weight. But she limits her appetite when eating the pies baked by her grandmother. Olga does her best to read more and never watches TV. She usually goes to bed close to midnight and gets up just after 7 o'clock. Among the theatre per-formances that she saw in 1982, she likes most of all "Yunona and Avos" which resembles a rock opera in its style and is staged by the popular Leninist Komsomol Theatre in Moscow. She doesn't like to wear skirts, preferring slacks. Olga has decided to quit competition gymnastics at the age of 20 or 22 at the maximum, and then become a researcher, most likely in history.

But at present she is devoting all

her time to mastering new compositions. They must form the basis of her routines at the 1984 Olympics. Bicherova intends to perform some elements on the asymmetrical bars, which have never been performed by anyone. as well as a unique vault -- a somersault with a 540-degree turn. There is no evaluation for this vault in the international classification so far. But she pays primary attention to the new floor exercise which is her favourite event. The floor exercise is accompanied by disco music and consists of a series of ultra-complex acrobatic elements. Before recruiting his group of female gymnasts, Boris Orlov worked as the acrobatics coach in the USSR women's national gymnastic team. This explains why Bicherova figures among the best in the world in this part of the gymnastic preparation.

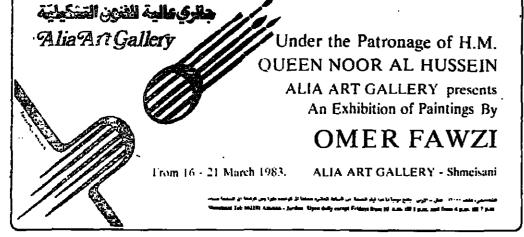
When Olga was asked after her victory at the world championship what her main dream was, the girl whose height was 137 cm at that time said that most of all she wanted to grow taller. And she gained



Bicherova executing an exercise on the beam

about five centimetres of height during one year. She is gradually turning from a charming girl into a beautiful young woman. Many illustrated magazines carried Bicherova's photographs on the eve of New Year's Day. Not every athlete can stand this pressure of popularity, but Olga is not only indifferent to her fame but is usually even displeased when people recognise her in the underground.

This distracts, she says. And one should not distract Bicherova because she is a serious person.



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#### WANTED

Foreign couple with two small babies are in need of a full time house-maid.

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## ECONOMY

## )PEC's oil price cut lraws mixed reactions

ONG KONG (R) - Oil imping nations Tuesday calculated w much they could expect to re following OPEC's price cut, t some predicted their own earigs would fall as well.

Financial markets opened caly following the OPEC redtion of \$5 a barrel which U.S. easury Secretary Donald Rean said could help spur recovery

on recession In Tokyo, Prime Minister Yasiro Nakasone said that he had id government economists to aw up plans to stimulate Japan's

"I believe the much sought after PEC) decision will have favrable effects on the world ecomy, including the Japanese onomy," the prime minister told

porters. The economic planning agency id Japan's oil bill would be cut about \$6.5 billion annually as a sult of the OPEC move while e country's economic growth te would be boosted by 0.35 per nt in the first year and 0.93 per at in the second.

Some developing countries ted that lower revenues for liddle East oil producers would ad to a drop in their own inc-

hich has tried to offset its oil bill its North Sea crude. y undertaking construction procts in the Middle East worth bilid from Arab countries as well as start a price war. 2.5 billion a year in remittances

The South Korean government and businessmen there both hailed OPEC's action and said lower production costs would help make the country's goods more competitive on export markets, leading to a lower deficit in the current account. This in turn would make it easier for Seoul to borrow abroad, they predicted.

But the government-backed Korea Development Institute said there could be a 10 per cent fall in construction contracts.

In Islamabad, official sources, said energy-starved Pakistan could save about \$150 million a year and the money would be used to develop domestic oil and natural gas resources now supplying only about 10 per cent of the country's energy needs.

But aid given by Middle East oil exporters to fellow Muslim Pakistan might be affected along with the flow of remittance money,

they added. Private economists in the United States were sceptical as to whether the OPEC agreement would last because of disputes within the organisation and the economic problems of some members.

They said much would depend They include South Korea, on whether Britain cut the price of

Saudi Oil Minister Ahmad Zaki Yamani warned Monday that a ons of dollars, and Pakistan further reduction by London of hich gets substantial amounts of more than \$1.50 a barrel would

Dealers on the Singapore open

## Mexico falls in line with new OPEC level

oil price by \$2.75 per barrel Monday night, erasing a year-long price advantage over competitors in the Organisation of Petroleum

market predicted Tuesday that

spot prices would fall in the long

run to as low as \$25 a barrel, \$4

below the new OPEC reference

any immidiate change a the price

of pteroleum products in Sin-gapore, but added that the full

impact of OPEC's move would

not be known for at least two

In Jakarta, Indonesia's oil pro-

duction quota will remain at the same level of 1.3 million barrels a

day under the OPEC agreement

reached in London, a state pla-

nning board source said Tuesday.

Minas crude would be set \$5 down

at \$29.53 a barrel, retaining its

premium over Saudi light marker

Industry sources in nei-

ghbouring Malaysia, an exporter

but not an OPEC member, said an

official cut in prices was expected

Malaysia gets about one-third

of its revenue from oil exports

which run at about 80 per cent of

production, currently about

Official prices for its high-

quality crude last dropped in

April, 1982, and now range from

bullion markets opened calmly as

Algerian News Agency APS said

Far East foreign exchange and

\$34.10 to \$37.30 a barrel.

360,000 barrels daily.

sbortly.

The source said the benchmark

They said there had not been

Exporting Countries (OPEC). Mexico. the World's fourth biggest producer although not a member of OPEC, announced the new prices hours after OPEC cut its benchmark price by \$5 to

\$29.00 per barrel. Mexico's prized light Isthumus year crude, comparable in quality to B the Saudi light which acts as the OPEC marker, will now cost \$29.00 per barrel instead of \$32.50, thus losing its advantage year on its debt.

over the Saudi crude.

The price of Mexico's heavy Maya crude was cut from \$25 to \$23.00 a barrel.

A spokesman for the state oil company Pemex told Reuters the \$12 billion. Maya price was fixed after Mexico

Financially-pressed Mexico cut its ezuela in the beavy oil market, a of the three-month old admhighly competitive field particularly in the United States.

Oil is Mexico's main source of foreign revenue, badly needed to. of more than \$80 billion,\_

Mexico sells its crude in a 50/50 light-heavy mix and the president's office said the price cut would cost the country \$1.3 billion in projected crude income this

But the statement noted that a would save the country \$1.5 billion in interest payments due this

Before the price cut, the finance ministry had estimated oil income this year at \$15 billion, about three-quarters of total export revenue, and interest payments at

MEXICO CITY (R) - agreed to cooperate with Ven- sident's office recalled the efforts inistration of Mr. Miguel De La Madrid to consult OPEC closely before any price cut, a policy sharply contrasting with that of the meet payments on its foreign debt, preceding government which set prices in line with market demand.

> The statement said that despite the relatively moderate price drop Mexico aimed to export 1.5 million barrels a day this year, the same as last year.

Saudi Oil Minister Ahmad Zaki decline in world interest rates Yamani told reporters that OPEC had an understanding with Mex-

Among threats to the OPEC bid

to stabilise prices at \$29 is the possibility of aggressive price cutting by non-members, particularly debt-laden Mexico, and Britain. But OPEC ministers have all along been indicating they con-The statement by the pre- sider Mexico the lesser threat.

## **OPEC's decision characterised**

### long-overdue tactical retreat

LONDON (R) -- The oil industry Tuesday characterised OPEC's historic \$5 cut in the world price of oil as a long-overdue tactical ret-

but it had not vetoed the price cut

because it hoped OPEC would

investors assessed the oil sit-It remained an open question, industry executives, traders and Gold eased to \$435.25 an ounce analysts polled by Reuters said, whether the once-mighty cartel in early Hong Kong trading from \$436.50 in New York Monday

has to retreat again. And in a market awash with oil OPEC could yet be routed all the way down to \$20 a barrel.

But not all were willing to bet that buyers would inevitably force OPEC off its new reference price of \$29.

Most immediately, buyers want non-OPEC Britain to cut North Sea prices. Too large a British cut would either mean an agreed retaliatory cut by a united OPEC. down a dollar or so, or, if OPEC panicked, stampede it into a free-

Looking further ahead, with no early rebound of oil demand in sight, there is doubt whether the 13 fractious and cash-pinched

OPEC sellers will honour the cartel-style output quotas mandated Monday.
"We have had Act One," said

Mr. Michael Unsworth, partner and oil analyst with London stockbrokers Scott, Goff Hancock, "Act Two begins with the North

Desperate for cash, Nigeria ignored pleas by Arab sellers at the OPEC meeting to stop offering its oil at a 50-cent discount on the currently-proposed North Sea price. "Ail our entreaties were rejected." lamented an Arabic poem by Oil Minister Mana Al Oteiba of the United Arab Emirates, who regularly breaks into verse during the long-drawn conclaves of OPEC.

U.S. dollars

FORECAST FOR WEDNESDAY, MAR. 16, 1983

#### YOUR DAILY from the Carroll Righter Institute

GENERAL TENDENCIES: A day when you would be wise to conform to that which has proven to be successful in the past. Don't take any risks at this time and be sure to keep promises you have made.

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) Make sure you handle current duties before taking on a new project, be it at home or elsewhere. Make plans for the future.

TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) Being with congenials is wise now since others could get you into some kind of

trouble. Be more active. GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) An associate may be in a bad mood and may want to argue or complain. Avoid this

by keeping busy at your own duties. MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to July 21) A good time to contact allies and make plans to have a brighter future.

Steer clear of one who is jealous of you. LEO (July 22 to Aug. 21) Try to cut down on unnecessary expenses. Financial experts can be most helpful

if you contact them now. VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) Take steps to improve your health and then delve into new interests that can

help add to present abundance. LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) Plan how to make your life

more orderly, in both business and personal realms. Use extreme caution in travel today. SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) Discuss future aims with

trusted friends. Try to be more thrifty than you have in the past. Express happiness. SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Talk with higherups early in the day and get the backing you want. A

misstep could prove costly at this time. CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) Find a better method under which to operate in the future and get better

results. Friends can be helpful now. AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) Concentrate on your own duties today instead of worrying about others. Exercise care in handling financial affairs.

PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) There are opportunities for you to get ahead if you prepare for them now. Follow your hunches which are accurate now.

IF YOUR CHILD IS BORN TODAY . . . he or she will be concerned with big ventures while not being practical, so teach to get feet on the ground. Give the best education you can afford and life becomes a successful one. Teach to pay more attention to detail.

"The Stars impel, they do not compel." What you make of your life is largely up to you!

### U.K. banks cut base lending rates

ONDON (R) - Britain's four major banks gave the Conservative

Lloyd's Bank, saying lower interest rates were a necessary coninion for economic recovery, led the reduction to 10.5 per cent from

aled his budget measures to the cabinet, came as a surprise to Prime dinister Margaret Thatcher's government. "That's very good," a senior government source said. "We've been

The drop followed several strong hints from Mrs. Thatcher and her ninisters that the government would like to see a reduction in intarest rates, which were recently increased in response to pressure on

The lower interest rates were seen as helping to compensate for the reduced scope in the budget for tax cuts because of the drop in Britain's North Sea oil revenue.

Meanwhile, Britain will be under considerable pressure to set new North Sea oil prices slightly below those fixed for competing Nigerian crudes, a move that could unravel OPEC's new pricing accord, oil

premment a budget-day boost Tuesday by reducing their base ending rates only hours before the announcement of expected tax

The cut, announced as Finance Minister Sir Geoffrey Howe rev-

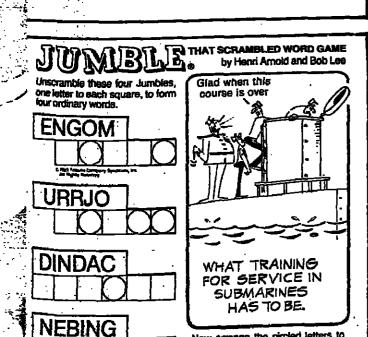
toping for some time that it would come down."

terling on foreign exchanges.

edustry sources said Monday night.



"Perfumes, colognes, scented soaps, deodorants... what am I, a woman or a skunk?"



Now arrange the circled letters to sted by the above cartoon.

(Answers tomorrow) FOAMY PLOWED BECOME Jumbles: TOXIN Answer: What the supersonic plane provided for an airport that had seen better days—
A "BOOM"

Print answer here:

#### imposed by a minority of OPEC regulate production.

**OPEC** will lose \$27b

orting Countries (OPEC) will lose price war.

PARIS (R) - Members of the members, which it did not identify,

Organisation of Petroleum Exp- and agreed on in order to avert a

\$27 billion in annual revenue because of the 15 per cent oil price cut oured maintaining the old price of

decided by OPEC in London, the \$34 by reducing oil production,

The agency said the cut was agree for the first time to officially

LONDON STOCK MARKET

LONDON (R) - Equities and government bonds were firmer th trading was quiet ahead of Tuesday's U.K. budget, dealer

said. The F.T. index at 1500 Tuesday was up 7.2 at a record 673.0. Prices were marked higher initially on the OPEC accord and support was further encouraged by the clearing bank base rate cuts to 101/2 per cent from 11. dealers added. Banks turned easier with Natwest off 8p at 595 after 590 following lower pretax

profits. Insurances showed gains of 2p to 4p.

Government showed net gains of ½ point in fairly active trading and gold shares turned mixed after a firmer start. North

Americans were mixed Oils edged off the highs with B.P. up 4p at 330 after 334 while Shell was unchanged on balance at 446. Britoil advanced 2p at 51. Ahead of the budget, tobacco's were firm with Bat up 15p at 660 while in breweries, Allied-Lyons was up 2p at 142 after 143. Stores were generally firmer with Gus 'A' rising 7p to 560 and

Marks and Spencer was up 3p at 200. Brooke bond was down 2p at 671/2 after disappointing interim figures while among leading equities. Blue Circle jumped 15p to 425 following Monday's U.S. business acquisitions.

### **LONDON EXCHANGE RATES**

LONDON (R) — Following are the buying leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midday on the London foreign exchange and bullion markets Tuesday.

1.5128/38	U.S. dollars
1.2229/32	Canadian dollars
2.3763/73	West German marks
2.6360/70	Dutch guilders
2.0430/50	Swiss francs
45.50/65	Belgian francs
6.7000/7200	French francs
1406.00/1408.00	Italian lire
236.15/30	Japanese yen
7.3840/3940	Swedish crowns
7.1125/1225	Norwegian crowns
8.5300/5500	Danish crowns
	1.2229/32 2.3763/73 2.6360/70 2.0430/50 45.50/65 6.7000/7200 1406.00/1408.00 236.15/30 7.3840/3940 7.1125/1225

One ounce of gold 434.00/435.00

WHAT GOOD IS A

TEA BAG WITHOUT



Mutt 'n' Jeff

Peanuts

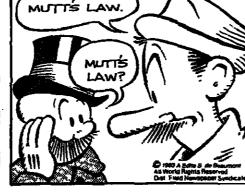
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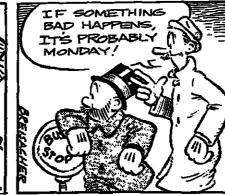
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#### **Andy Capp**









#### THE Daily Crossword By Alfio Micci

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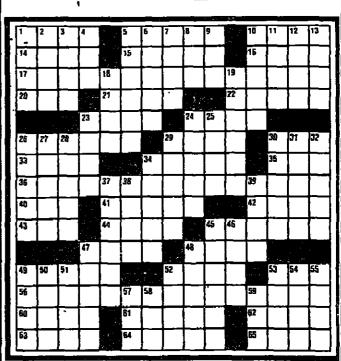
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## WORLD

#### Iranian boy in U.K. faces deportation

TORQUAY, England (R) - A six-year-old Iranian boy has been ordered back to Iran by Britain because the British couple who have looked after him for five years cannot afford to send him to a private school.

A Home Office spokesman said Ali Reza Sandi Atashbar would be deported soon unless he leaves his state-supported school and enters a private one.

Foreign children may live in Britain only if they are enrolled in independent schools and do not draw upon public funds for their education.

Ali's elder brother, Kambiz, aged 10, attends a private school here but Walter and Megan Wyatt, both 66, cannot afford the additional fees for Ali.

The Wyatts took in the boys when their parents returned to Tehran in 1977 after attending a language course in this southern English town.

Their parents were concerned for their futures it the boys went back with them," Mrs. Wyatt said

Tuesday.
The Times newspaper quoted Ali as saying: "I do not want to go back because there are nasty men there who might kill me. I want to

#### Slain Turkish envoy buried

ANKARA (R) - Galip Balkar, the Turkish ambassador to Yugoslavia shot by Armenian guerrilias in Belgrade last week, was buried Tuesday with full state honours in an emotional cer-emony attended by top government officials.

Mr. Balkar, fatally wounded when two gunmen ambushed his car last Wednesday, was the latest victim in a 10-year campaign against Turks living abroad by Armenian militants in which at least 25 Turks, mostly diplomats, have

The attacks are in revenge for what the Armenian guerrillas say was the massacre of 1.5 million of their people in eastern Turkey during World War I. a charge den-

LONDON (R) - Shergar, the

champion racehorse stolen from

an Irish stud a month ago, is still

alive and his release is being neg-

otiated, one owner was quoted

The Daily Express newspaper

quoted Capt. Tim Rogers, a mem-

ber of the Shergar Syndicate, as

saving: "We believe the horse is

"Negotiations are going on. I

The Express said the neg-

am not involved directly, but I am

otiations for the £10 million (\$15

still alive and still in Ireland.

doing what I can to help."

Tuesday as saving.

## Pro-East bloc proposal put forward at Madrid

MADRID (R) - Western gov- for dragging out debates here for ernments were urged Tuesday to 29 months. drop or soften demands for improved human rights conduct in the Soviet bloc in a bid to bring the marathon European security review conference here to a speedy

The new initiative was made by eight of the neutral and nonaligned states at the 35-state meeting which tabled a new draft concluding document substantially watering down the Western dem-

The document dropped calls for specific undertakings not to expel foreign newsmen, to halt jamming of foreign radio broadcasts, to respect the right to strike and to sanction so-called Helsinki mon-

These are groups set up inside the Soviet Union by individuals to monitor the human rights undertakings in the 1975 Helsinki accords on security and cooperation (CSCE).

East-West differences over human rights, worsened by the imposition of martial law in Poland, have been largely responsible

The conference, which began on Nov. 11, 1980, can only end with a consensus vote. The new draft sets April 27 as a proposed closing date.

Diplomats of Austria, Cyprus, Finland. Liechtenstein. San Marino. Sweden, Switzerland and Yugoslavia said they drafted the new proposed final document to include all that was realistically obtainable in Tuesday's East-West climate.

Another proposal to make specific mention of a meeting of Western foreign ministers in Madrid to condemn martial law in Poland has also been diluted into two vague references and a strong clause on the right of selfdetermination was dropped.

The draft also replaces Western demands for foreign newsmen to have access to institutions, public and private organisations and individuals with a vaguer call for them to be able to communicate with their sources.

Western objections to a clause recogising that authorities in certain cases could confiscate books attack in Europe.

and other material carried by forcign newsmen were also ove However, proposals on freer

access to foreign missions and on upholding religious freedom were retained. Initial Western response to the

new draft, formally tabled by Yugoslavia, was muted. "Clearly, we will have to consult

our governments but it appears at first sight to be weak on the human dimension and to be more in line with what the Soviet bloc wanted." a senior Western diplomat

He added there was no chance that the West would accept the draft as a final version, leaving open the possibility that the Madrid meeting could end in outright failure or with a one-line communique postponing debates for several years.

The new draft also attempts to bridge East-West differences on the scope of a follow-up conference designed to encourage military confidence-building measures and guard against surprise

### Army units barred from Irish parade

participant, had not been invited

as grand marshal has prompted

several marching bands to drop

out of the march, the largest Irish

parade in the world, and some

prominent Irish Americans have

The parade by Fifth Avenue is

traditionally led by the first bat-

The choice of Mr. Flannery, 81,

NEW YORK (R) - The Pentagon has barred federal military units from marching in Thursday's St. Patrick's Day parade in New York because of the furore over the parade's outspoken grand marshal, Irish Republican Army (IRA) supporter Michael Fla-

A Defence Department statement Tuesday said the prade "has not been unanimously supported by the entire Irish-American community and has received neither the traditional endorsement of the government of Ireland nor the participation of state and local officials."

The 26th army band, stationed at Fort Hamilton, in New York City, had been due to take part in the parade. But a spokesman said the band of the U.S. military academy at West Point, a traditional

million) stallion were being con-

ducted by a group which included

a representative of the Aga Khan.

The Aga Khan owns the biggest

stake in the horse, which won the

A demand for a £2 million (\$3

1981 Epsom Derby in a canter.

alling £60,000 (\$90,000).

ilso refused to take part. Mr. Flannery has several times claimed he would take cheers for him at the parade as a sign of support for the IRA.

talion, 69th Infantry, 42nd Infantry Division of the New York State Army National Guard. But a Pentagon spokesman said: "The order affects the 69th Infantry. I assume, so far, they are

following the order." The Irish government has witparade and Air Lingus, the Irish national airline, has refused to sponsor television coverage.

#### Policeman shot dead

BELFAST (R) - Gunmen shot and killed a part-time policeman near the border town of Newry, 70 kilometres southwest of Belfast.

Police said the off-duty reserve constable was driving a bread van when he was overtaken by three men in a car. Two of them riddled the vehicle with automatic weapons fire.

The Irish Republican Army (IRA) claimed responsibility for the shooting and warned of more attacks in the Newry area in coming weeks.

The reserve policeman was the seventh member of the force to be

agent Frank Terpil, who dis-

ional security aide Thomas Reed, who is under investigation for stock market activities undertaken in private life in 1981, the White House said Monday.

Speakes told reporters: "The president has full confidence in Thomas. Reed."

"Nothing new has come to us" concerning allegations that Mr. Reed may have used "insider" information to make a big profit in stock trading in violation of securities laws, he added.

gressional request for documents relating to Mr. Reed's appointment last June by the National Security Council.

the president, Mr. Reed is a deputy to presidential security adviser William Clark.

News that Mr. Reed's business activities were being investigated by a federal grand jury in New York came as the White House was trying to limit damage over another row.

Anne Burford resigned last week as head of the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) in the middle of inv estigations by six congressional

sub-committees into the EPA. It is one of those subuments on Mr. Reed's app-

### More police | U.S.-Seoul manoeuvres brutality alleged in Dallas trial

DALLAS. Texas (R) — A New Orleans black told a court Monday police interrogated him so brutally that he made up a story which may have led to the killing of another black during a manhunt for the murderer of a white pat-

Robert Davis. 28, is one of four men who have accused seven New Orleans policemen of violating their civil rights in an intensive investigation that left dozens of blacks complaining they were roughed up.
Two of the others and the bro-

ther of one have already testified at the trial of the seven officers that police beat them up in an attempt to gain information about the murder in the poor Algiers district of New Orleans in November

During the search four blacks were shot dead by police, who said they opened fire in self-defence. The affair generated such intense publicity in New Orleans that the trial was moved to Dalias. Mr. Davis said detectives first

took him to a secluded wooded area where one threatened to blow his head off with a shotgun and push him off a bridge. Then they took him to police headquarters where they tied him

book and tied a plastic bag over his head, he said. "I though I was going to die", he told the all-white jury of seven

to a chair. hit him with a heavy

women and five men. Mr. Davis said he was so frightened that he made up a story saying he heard two shots when he was walking in the neighbourhood at the time of murder and that moments later another black known by the street name of "comanche" ran past him.

"Comanche" - a 26-year-old whose real name was James Billy Jr. -- was one of the four blacks killed by police shooting.

#### Reagan aide's private life being probed WASHINGTON(R)—President

Deputy Press Secretary Larry

Mr. Speakes said the White House was studying a con-

Known as special assistant to

committees that is seeking docointment in an attempt to check

#### power and we want to reconcile Party leaders in Guatemala expourselves with the people," he ressed doubt Tuesday whether military strongman Efrain Rios Montt's decision to lift of the state of siege he imposed on the country would definitely lead to a return of constitutional rule.

alarm Soviet Union

Korean troops stormed ashore

Tuesday on the southeastern coast

of the Korean peninsula as an

annual joint military exercise went

into full swing, a U.S. military

A total of 191,000 U.S. and

South Korean personnel are eng-

aged in the "team spirit 1983"

manoeuvres which began on Feb.

. They are billed as the largest in

North Korea has placed its

armed forces on a "semi-war"

lert, saying the manoeuvres were

simed at starting a new war in the

Korean peninsula. China, Pyo-

ngyang's main ally, has called for a

The landing operations Tue-

GUATEMALA CITY (R) -

the non-communist world.

talt to the manoeuvres.

spokesman said.

SEOUL (R) - U.S. and South sday involved an amphibious task

Guatemalan president's

good intentions doubted

Centrist and rightist parties, the only ones legally allowed to operate, said the real test of the president's intentions would be the new electoral laws, due to be announced on March 23.

Gen. Rios Montt said on Sunday night that the state of siege would be replaced by a less restrictive "state of alert" on March 23, the anniversary of the coup which brought him to power.

"We know and understand we

The president's chief press spokesman said he had no details of

have sinned, that we have abused

force of several thousand men,

including 4,000 U.S. marmes, and

the carriers Enterprise and Mid-

Moscow provoked

MOSCOW (R) - The Soviet

news agency TASS said Tuesday

Japan was directly involved in

joint U.S.-South Korean military

manoeuvres which it described as

Reporting from Tokyo, TASS

said Japan was involved in the

team-spirit" exercises, which inc-

lude a mock landing of forces in

South Korea, by allowing U.S.

bases in Japan to be used as transit

the projected amnesty law. He did not say if it would differ from an amnesty offered last year just before the state of siege was clamped down in a "final battle" against leftist guerrillas.

But he did say that the secret military tribunals set up to combat leftist insurgenets would continue to operate. Ten people convicted by the courts have been executed, despite widespread protests by foreign governments and human rights groups.

### Angolan rebels want to swap Czechs for Britons

LISBON (R) — Angolan guerrillas said Monday they had captured 64 Czechoslovaks and 20 Portuguese in an attack on an industrial complex and offered a swap to obtain the release of seven convicted British mercenaries imprisoned in Luanda.

In a communique issued in Lisbon, Unita (Union for the Total Independence of Angola) said its troops and 13 Cubans in separate attacks at the weekend.

Unita said the Czechoslovaks and Portuguese were technicians

captured on Saturday at the Alto Catumbela complex in central bridges and four generators at the hydro-electric plant were destroyed, it added The six Britons and an Irishman

were sentenced to long terms in prison in 1976 for fighting with pro-Western forces in the Angolan civil war after independence from Portugal. The communique said the 13

Cubans were killed when Unita five military vehicles en route from Papagal to Huambo.

It said the column's Cuban commander, Lt. Adolfo Estevez, 23, was captured along with a haul Angola. A cellulose factory, three of arms.

#### Actress allegedly taunted Groucho with her nudity

LOS ANGELES (R) —A lawyer before him naked, Mr. Schulman said Monday that actress Erin said she taunted him with her nak-Fleming was a self-seeking opportunist who taunted the late comedian Groucho Marx with her

The lawyer, J. Brin Schulman, representing the Bank of America, was summing up after a seven-week court hearing in which Miss Fleming, Marx's companion during the last seven years of his life, was accused of exerting undue influence over him.

Mr. Schulman said Marx, who died five years ago at the age of 86, was human and was suspectible to Miss Fleming's suggestions. Referring to statements by def-

ence witnesses that Miss Fleming, 42, made Marx happy by parading

Marx's old age made him vulnerable to her demands and he ultimately became dependent upon

Mr. Schulman repeated statements by witnesses for the bank that Miss Fleming threatened and physically abused Marx. "She made the place shake and quake," he said.

He said Miss Fleming threatened physical abuse to force Marx to take tranquilisers when she wanted to get rid of him for the day." He quoted her as telling Marx:

"If you don't take them I'll slap you from here to Pittsburgh."

#### 'American merchant marine may be inadequate in war' WASHINGTON (R) - A senior \$677 million.

navy officer has told Congress that the United States, unlike Britain or the Soviet Union, would be hard pressed to find enough merchant ships to supply its forces in an overseas war.

Vice-Adm. Kent Carroll, military sealift commander, said that sealanes serving the United States are filled largely by foreign flag ships, although many are owned by U.S. firms or by U.S. allies.

"That just does not make sense to me. A strong merchant marine just as much as a strong navy is the basis of any nation's seapower," Adm. Carroll said. He added he was concerned

that the U.S. flag fleet would continue to shrink, weakening the country's ability to call on private vessels to rush supplies to danger spots. Adm. Carroll made his remarks

in testimony on March 2 before the House of Representatives Merchant Marine Subcommittee in support of the navy's \$996 million strategic sealift budget for 1984. It was only released Mon-

day. The 1983 sealift budget, which applies only to cargo vessels, was

The expenditure is part of the navy's five-year, \$5.8 billion strategic sealift programme to build new ships and convert existing ones to meet military requirements.

Adm. Carroli said the old-style, break-bulk ship, in which cargo is loaded by pallet into the hold, was one of the most useful vessels for military sealift, but shipping lines were increasingly using more profitable container-ships.

"Of the 104 militarily useful break-bulk ships flying the U.S. flag today," he said, "more than a third are laid up or lying idle."

He said that during the Falklands War last year between Britain and Argentina, three out of every four ships in Britain's fleet were merchant vessels crewed by civilians.

Moscow also realised the importance of merchant ships. Many Soviet cargo ships were built so they could easily be converted into naval auxiliary ships, he said.

The admiral said that under a NATO agreement, the U.S. could. count on at least 400 dry cargo ships, but the vessels could only be used for alliance reinforcement. responsible he added.

### NEWS IN

#### Egyptians see U.K. military hardware

ALEXANDRIA (R) - Briss equipment and weapons, some of which were used in the Falklinds campaign, were displayed Mos-day at a floating exhibition near Alexandria. The exhibition of board the merchant ship Viking Venturer organised by the British Defence Sales Organisation, con-Detence Saics Organisation, contains equipment made by mine than 50 leading British manufacturers of defence equipment. The two-hour display at El-Hammam, 1100 kilometres was of Alexandria, was attended by 80 British officers and saldiers and British officers and soldiers and a number of Egyptian officers. The equipment shown included the Challenger 120-mm main battle tank, the Scorpion family of vehicles and anti-aircraft missiles.

#### S. Korea, Sudan to expand ties

SEOUL (R) - Sudan and South

Korea agreed Monday to expand their political, economic and cultural cooperation, a Korean presidential spokesman said. He added that Presidents lasfai Numeiri of Sudan and Chun Doo Hwan decided during talks at the presidential mansion that a Korean-government-business delegation should go to Sudan to identify suitable projects for coo-

#### Polish demos end without incident

GDANSK, Poland (R) - Several hundred Poles Monday dem onstrated in Gdansk in support of the banned Solidarity free trade union for the second successive day, but police dispersed then without serious incident.

#### U.S. orders probe into Barbie's ties

WASHINGTON (R) - The U.S Justice Department Monday ordered a full investigation into allegations that Nazi war criminal Klaus Barbie was helped by American intelligence after World War 11. In a statement issued Monday night, a Justice Department spokesman said: "Recent allegations have been made that Klaus Barbie had a relationship with the United States government in the years after World War II and that the United States government assisted his travel to Bolivia in 1951.

#### Liza Minelli has choking spasm

DALLAS (R) - Singer-actress Liza Minelli was rushed to hospital Monday with a choking spasm, a hospital spokesman said. She was listed in satisfactory condition after treatment at Presbyterian Hospital where it was found she had something stuck in ber throat. "She apparently had some difficulty breathing," the spokesman said.

#### Gonzalez rules out early referendum

MADRID (R) - Spanish Prime Minister Felipe Gonzalez Monday ruled out an early referendum on his country's membership of the North Atlantic Treaty Organisation (NATO): Mr. Gonzalez told a news conference that, although he was aware that a majority of Spanish people favoured a referendum, he did not want to hold it in the present atmosphere of world tension.

#### Brazilian leader's office bugged

BRASILIA (R) — Brazilian sec-

urity are investigating how a sophisticated eavesdropping device came to be hidden in President Joso Figueiredo's private office, a government spokesman said Monday. The bug was found late last week during redecoration work in the president's study Gen. Figueiredo, who has been using a different building since refurbishing started last December, was due to seturn to his office at the end of this month. The device would have been only a few metres from his desk, the spokesman said: Security agents were investigating when the bug had been planted and who was

**GOREN BRIDGE** BY CHARLES GOREN North-South vulnerable. South deals. NORTH 4 A K 1063 ♥ K 108 Void **4109754** EAST ♦ Void **♦QJ98542** 7 J976432 ♥ Void 0975432 ○KQ6 🍄 Void **4**862 SOUTH 7 A Q 5

A J 108

♦AKQJ3

South to make six no trump

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against any defense. A few weeks ago we published this hand as a double dummy problem. Readers were invited to decide whether South could make twelve tricks at no trump, and to submit either the winning line or successful

defense. Obviously West cannot lead a diamond, so assume that he starts a low heart. after which he plays no part in the defense. It is the East hand that is crucial. Declarer, wins the opening lead in dummy with the eight and runs five rounds of clubs, ending on the table. East must find three discards, and so far he has no problem - he can let go of three spades. Now South leads a heart from dummy, and East is in trouble. He must make a deadly discard from one of his

One owner believes stolen

Irish racehorse is alive

1) Suppose East sluffs a spade. Declarer wins in hand with the ace of hearts and leads a spade to the king. He cashes the ace of spades and concedes a spade trick to East, pitching two diamonds from hand. He wins East's forced diamond return with the ace, crosses to the king of hearts and dummy's spade

takes the last trick. 2) Suppose East sluffs a diamond. Declarer wins in hand with the heart queen, cashes the ace of diamonds and concedes a diamond trick to East. East's forced spade return is taken in dummy. and declarer returns to his hand with the ace of hearts to cash his winning diamond.

For those who submitted this solution to Bridge World magazine, we congratulate you on your ingenuity. Unfortunately, there's just one tiny hitch. The question posed was for South to make six no trump against any defense. What happens if West leads the jack of hearts? This smashes declarer's communications to smithereens and he can no longer squeeze East for his twelfth trick. Try it if you

don't believe us. If you spotted the devastating effect of the jack of hearts lead, your free copy of Bridge World containing the solution will reach you soon. For the rest, a subscription to the magazine should make it simpler for you to solve this kind of problem in the future.

#### hdrawn its participation in the killed this year. Spain sends fugitive arms dealer to U.S

NEW YORK (R) - Fugitive for Korkala's associate in the allarms dealer George Korkala has eged conspiracy, former CIA been extradited to the United States from Spain to face charges of illegally selling weapons and torture implements to the government of ousted Ugandan dic-

million) ransom was received and tator Idi Amin, officials said Monthe owners offered rewards tot-The newspaper said syndicate members believed the horse could be in Armagh, an area of Britishruled Northern Ireland where the guerrilla Irish Republican Army

U.S. customs service officials said Korkala arrived in New York on Saturday and was appearing in a federal court later Monday on charges arising from a 1979 conspiracy to sell guns, ammunition, decoding devices and torture imp-

lements to Uganda.

appeared in Beirut last year after telling a U.S. television network how Amin once served up the head of a political opponent at a In 1981, Terpil and Korkala were tried and sentenced in abs-

entia in a New York state court for selling machine-guns worth \$100,000 to undercover policemen posing as Latin American revolutionaries.

Both men, who had jumped bail, were sentenced to jail terms

camp in central Laos."

returned from Thailand.

### Authorities are still searching of between 17 and 53 years. Col. Gritz vows to free

PoWs allegedly in Laos LOS ANGELES (R) — A retired commando officer, who recently led missions into Laos to look for U.S. survivors of the Vietnam War, said Monday he had three reasons for believing at least 10 American prisoners of war were

still held captive there. Lt. Col. James (Bo) Gritz, 44. told reporters in Los Angeles: -- "Some of our local agents told us they had penetrated a U.S. prisoner of war camp.

-- "We had a positive radio sig-

Before leaving Thailand, the colonel pledged to continue his search for missing PoWs. He and three other American members of his mission were fined \$130 each and given one-year suspended

Col. Gritz was questioned by agents of the U.S. Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) when he

Laotian anti-Communist resistance fighter who penetrated a

#### sentences in Thailand for illegal nal Americans were still in cappossession of a powerful radio set. | security-clearance procedures. Empress Zita alleges political reasons for murder of Crown Prince Rudolf

VIENNA (R) — Austria's last of Austria's last emperor Karl who empress said she had proof that a abdicated in 1918, said Rudolf political conspiracy involving France and Tsarist Russia was behind the death in 1889 of Crown Prince

Rudolf and his 17-year-old lover. The tragic love affair between the 30-year-old prince, already married to a Belgian princess, and his teenage mistress, Mary Vetsera, rocked the devoutly Catholic Hapsburg family and has been portrayed in films and plays seen by millions.

At the time of the couple's death in a hunting lodge in Mayerling it was announced that they had committed suicide. But the 40-year-old ex-empress Zita said Monday the suicide story had been circulated to cover up a political murder

In the fourth instalment of an

interview with the popular Vienna

daily Kronen Zeitung, Zita, wife

was in favour of weakening Austria's links with Germany and strengthening its ties with France and Tsarist Russia,

Rudolf had been approached by conspirators who wanted to overthrow his father Franz Josef and install him on the throne in his place in order to be able to carry out his policies, she said. The ex-empress said: "He refused to take part in that con-

spiracy and threatened to reveal it and that was his death warrant. The murder trail leads abroad." Zita said she had questioned six close relatives of the crown prince, including his sister Gisela and his uncle Karl Ludwig, and had made

notes of what they had told her.

Rudolf told him of his intention to

Karl Ludwig told ber that when

ned him: "If you go public with this they will kill you." She said Gisela had told her that

she had looked at Rudolf's corpse thoroughly and had come to the firm conclusion that he had been murdered. "I made detailed notes of all my conservations with these people and these are hidden in a safe place," the ex-empress said. "One

part of the notes will soon be published in an historical study." When her husband, Karl, ascended the throne in 1916 after the death of Franz Josef he discovered that all the documents concerning

the Mayerling affair had vanished. A 2,000-word telegram from the emperor to the Pope on Rudolf's death which resulted in his being given a church burial, not normally given in cases of suicide, had disappeared from the Vatican reveal the conspiracy he had war- archives. Zita said.